

OPC Osservatorio Pianetario del Chianti
INTERNATIONAL CHIANTI TOPICS FOCUS WORKSHOPS
UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI FIRENZE
INAF Istituto Nazionale di Astrofisica

USE OF SMALL TELESCOPES IN THE GIANT ERA II

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26-29 February 2024
Complesso di Sant'Apollonia, Firenze (Italy)

<http://chiantitopics.it>
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A cartoon illustration at the bottom shows a large telescope dome containing several people working on computers. In the background, there's a night sky with stars, a crescent moon, and various space objects like satellites and a comet.

SPACE SURVEILLANCE

an opportunity for small telescopes

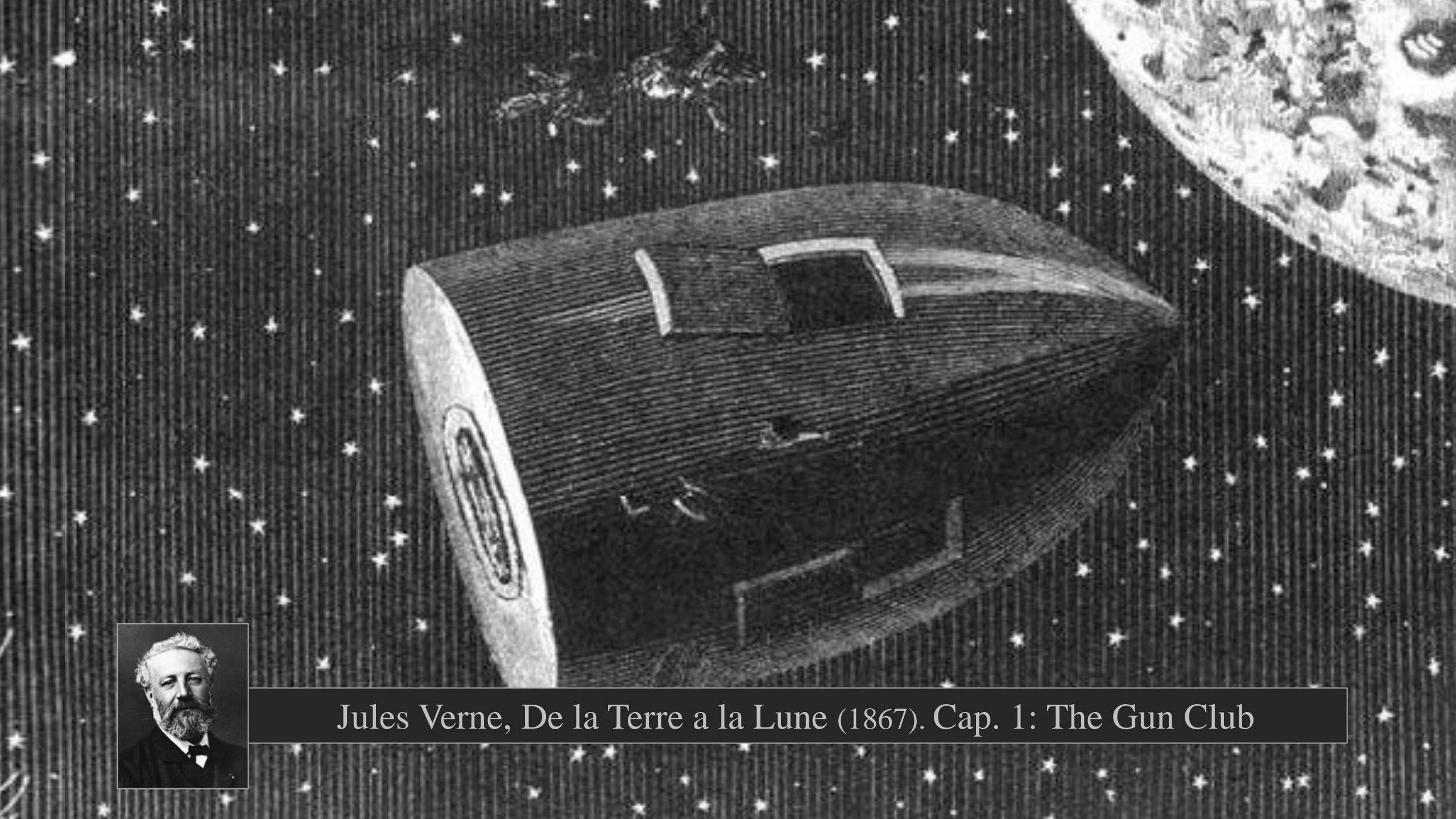
Ettore Perozzi
Direttorato Scienza e Ricerca



Agenzia Spaziale Italiana

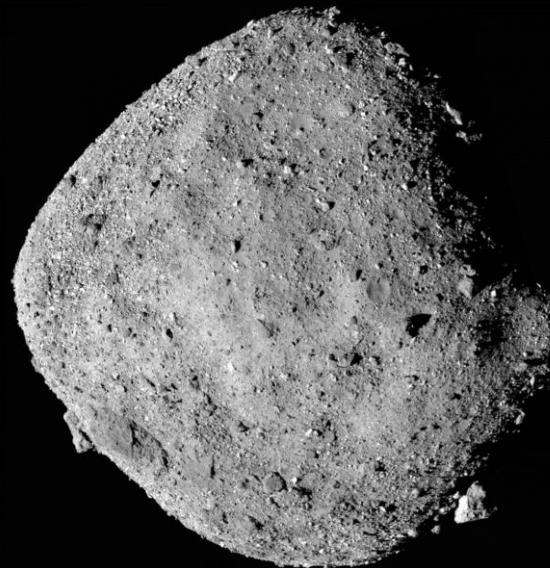


Jules Verne, *De la Terre a la Lune* (1867). Cap. 1: The Gun Club



space situational awareness

ASTEROID
HAZARD



SPACE
WEATHER



SPACE
DEBRIS



space situational awareness

PLANETARY
SCIENCE



CIVIL
PROTECTION

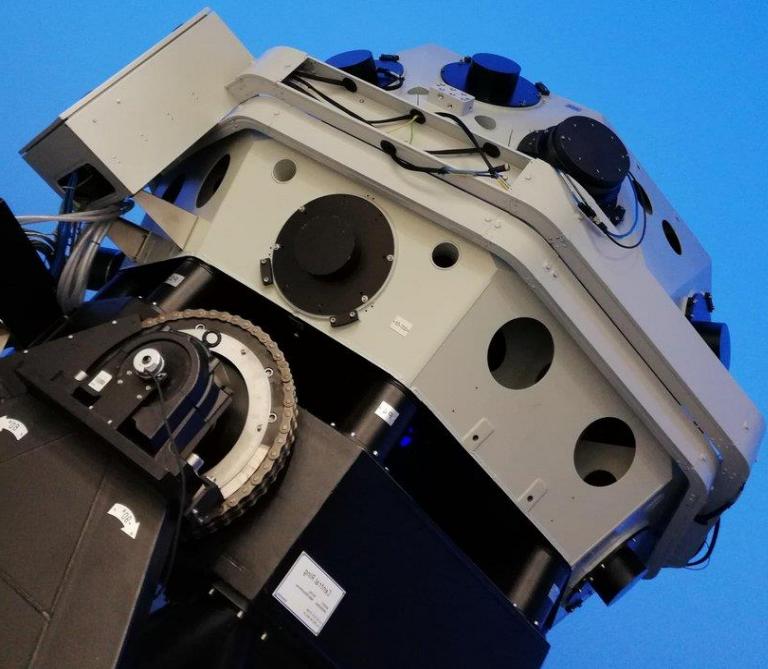


EXTRATERRESTRIAL
MINING

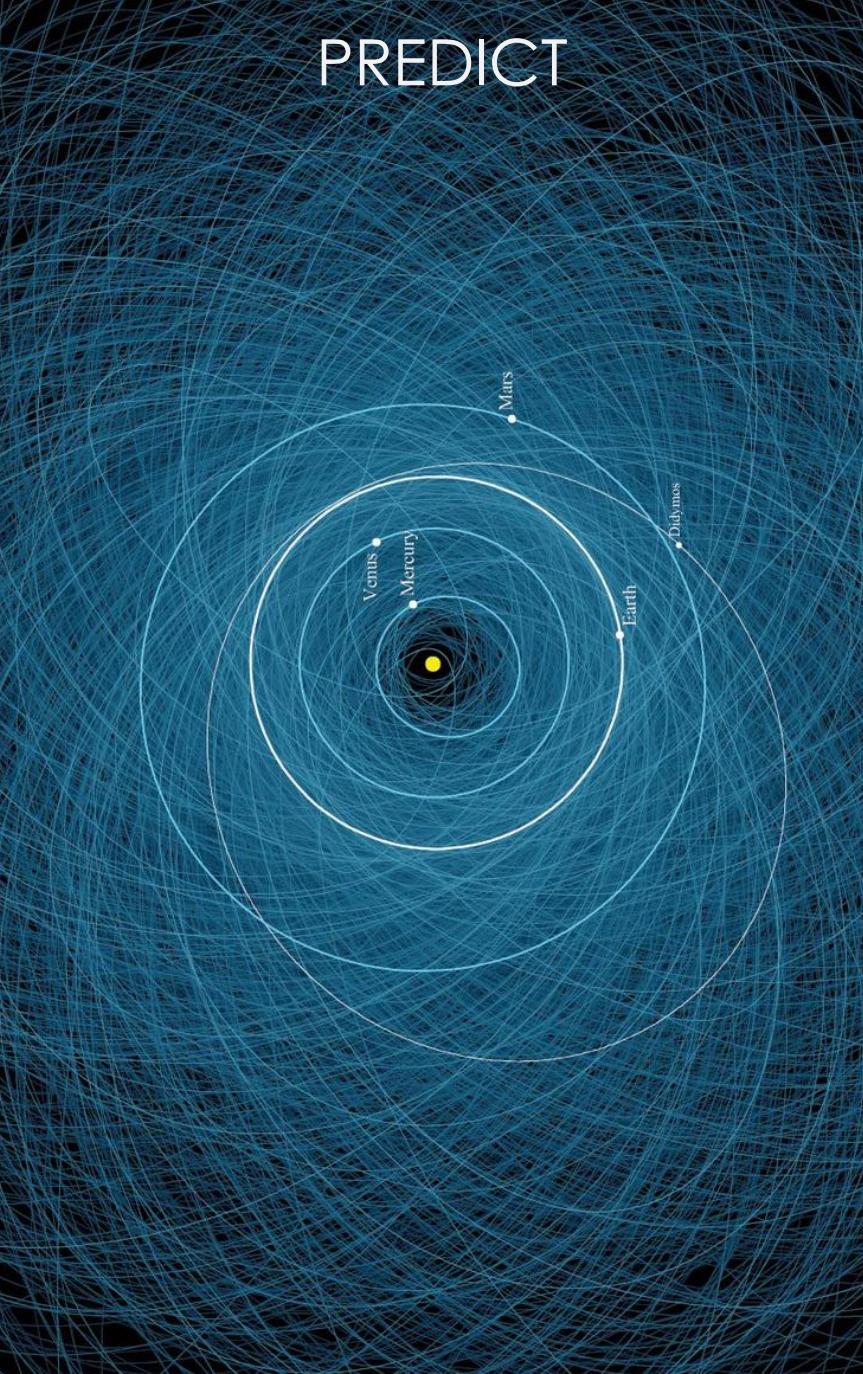


space situational awareness

OBSERVE

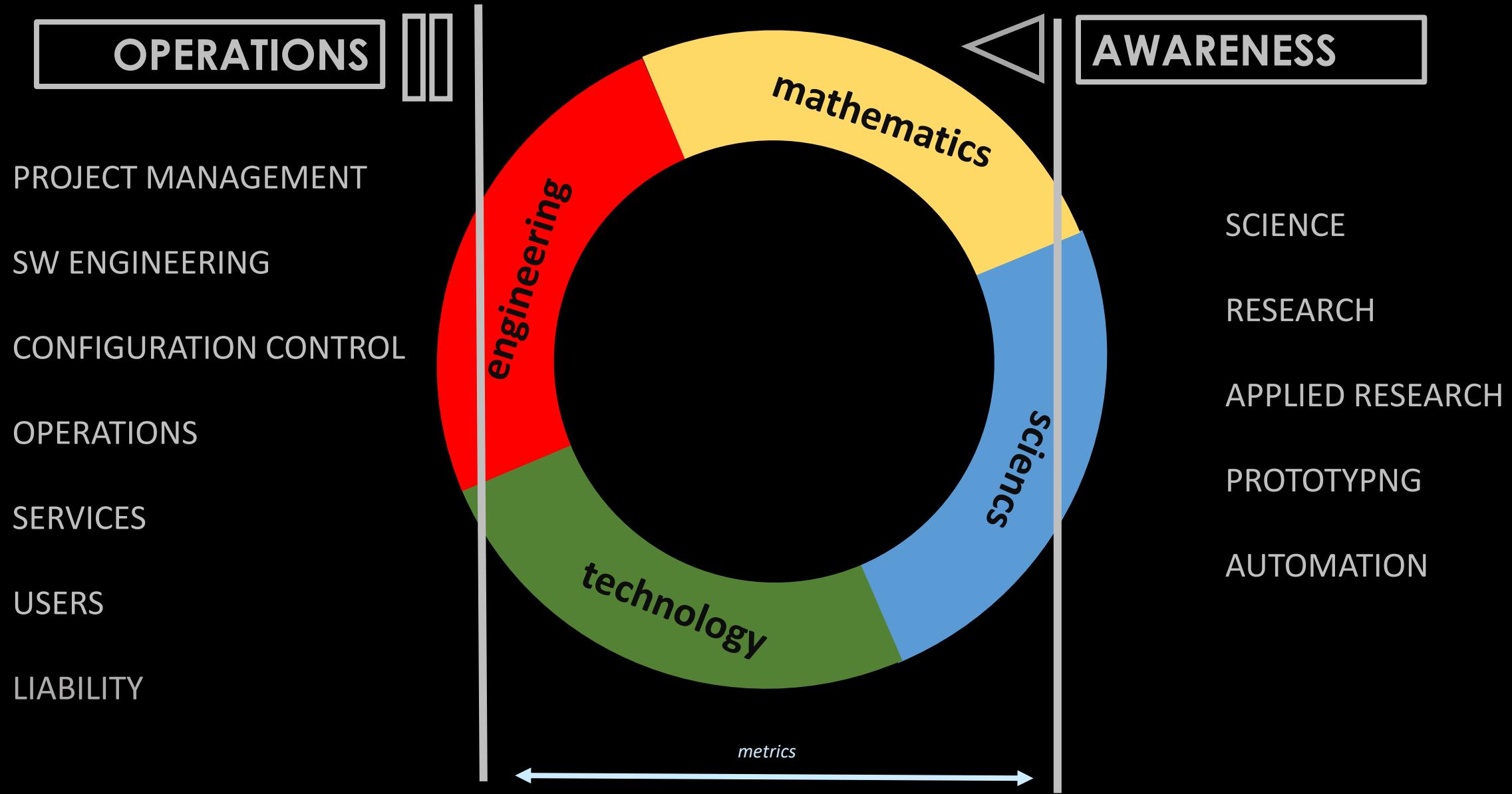


PREDICT



PROTECT





space surveillance





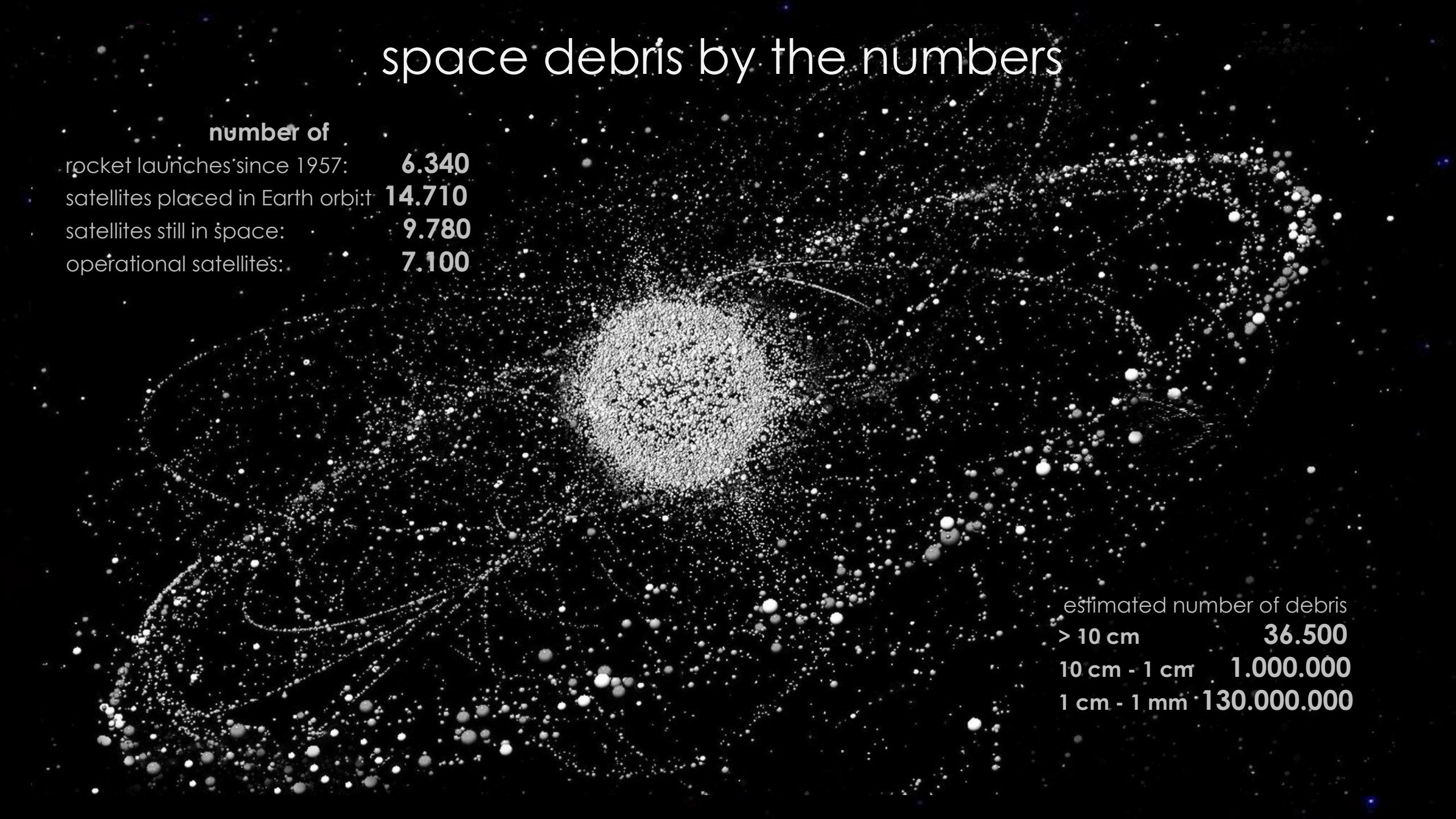
Je veux dire qu'il ne suffit pas d'envoyer un projectile et de ne plus s'en occuper ; il faut que nous le suivions pendant son parcours jusqu'au moment où il atteindra le but.



space debris by the numbers

number of

rocket launches since 1957: **6.340**
satellites placed in Earth orbit: **14.710**
satellites still in space: **9.780**
operational satellites: **7.100**



estimated number of debris

> 10 cm	36.500
10 cm - 1 cm	1.000.000
1 cm - 1 mm	130.000.000

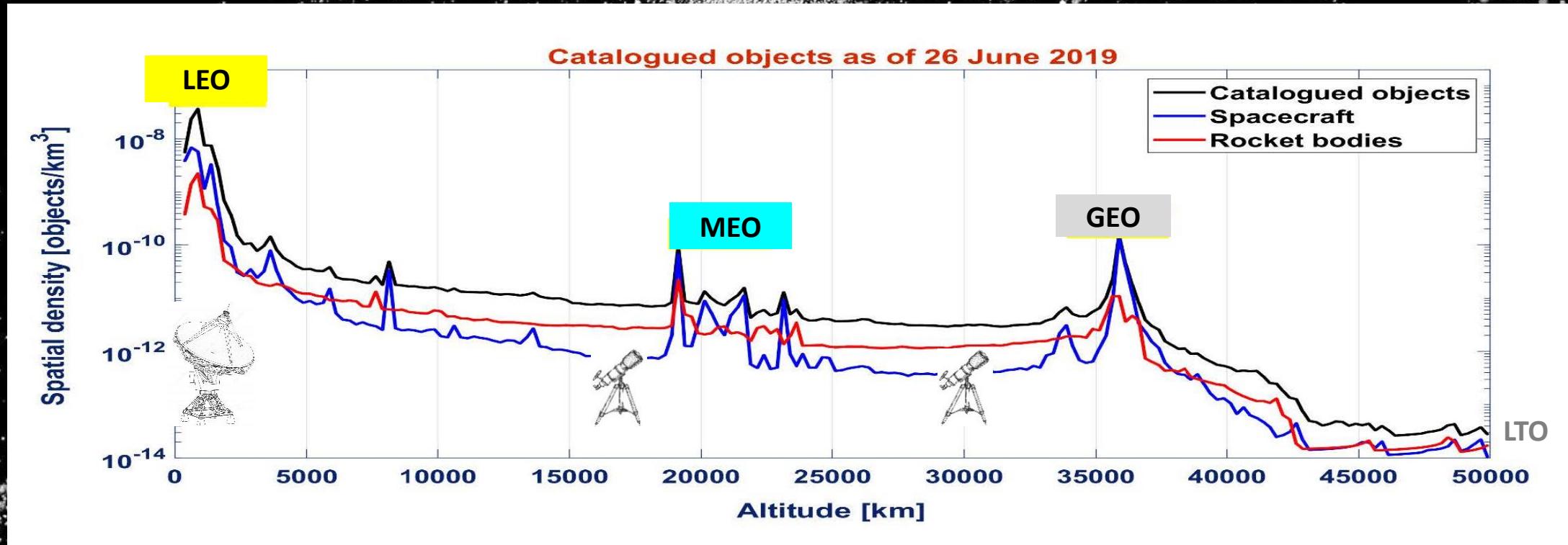
orbital regimes and spatial density

LEO Low Earth Orbits < 2000 km: *Earth observation, science etc.*

MEO Medium Earth Orbits 20000 km: *navigation constellations*

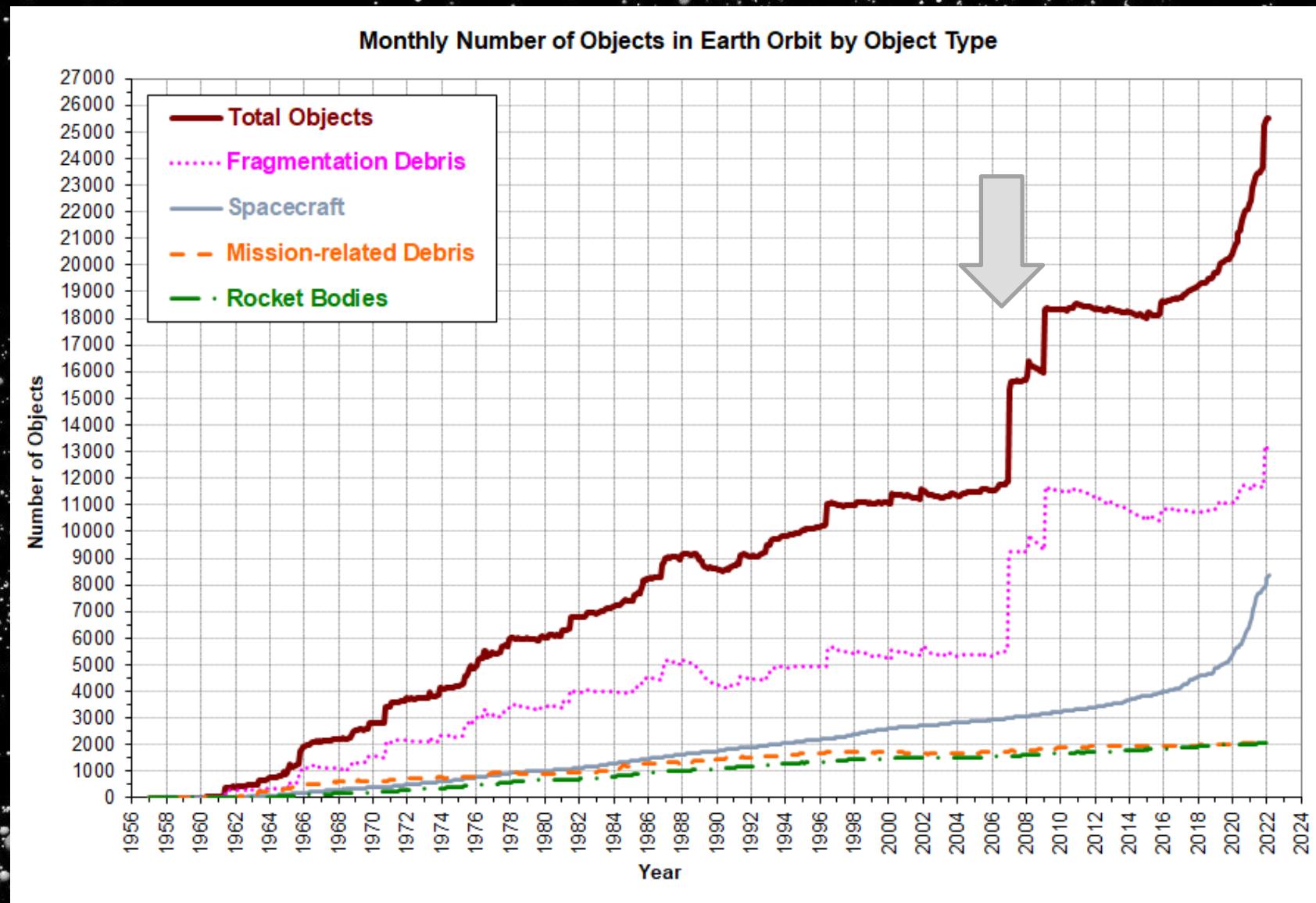
HEO High Eccentricity Orbits : *high latitude telecom satellites etc.*

GEO Geostationary Orbits 36000 km: *telecommunications, weather forecasting etc.*



LTO Lunar Transfer Orbits < 400000 km; > LEO: lunar exploration

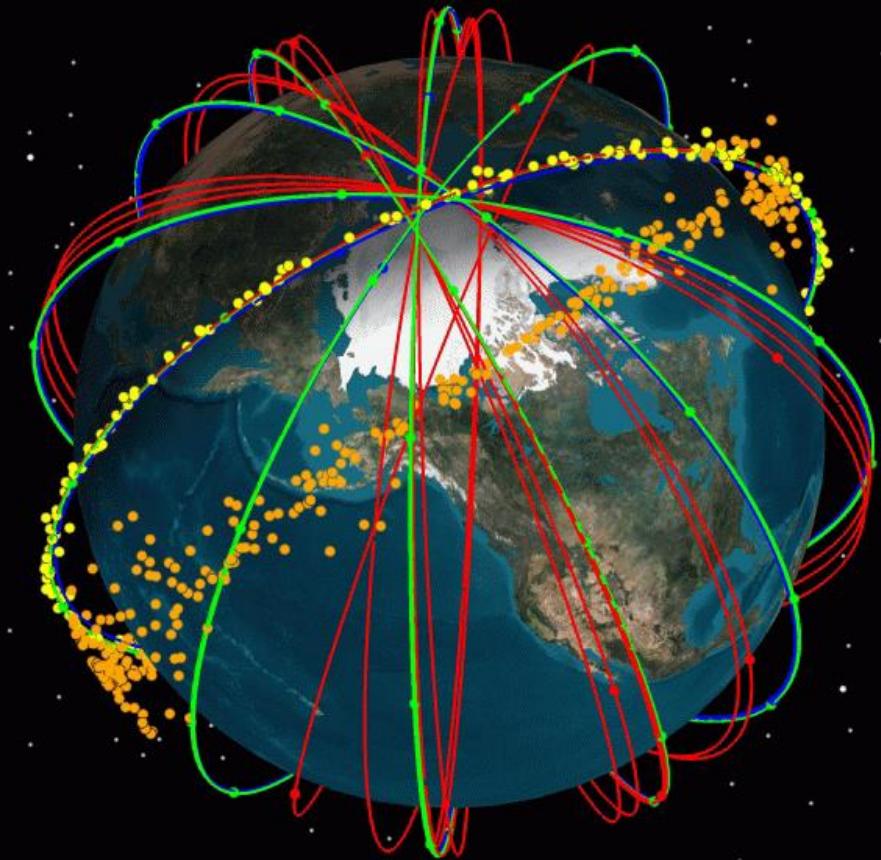
proliferation



breakup

estimated number of break-ups, explosions, collisions, or anomalous events resulting in fragmentation

> 640



About 65% of the catalogued objects originate from break-ups in orbit (more than 240 explosions)

10 known collisions: **It is expected that in the future collisions will become the dominant source of space debris**

breakup

estimated number of break-ups, explosions, collisions, or anomalous events resulting in fragmentation

> 640



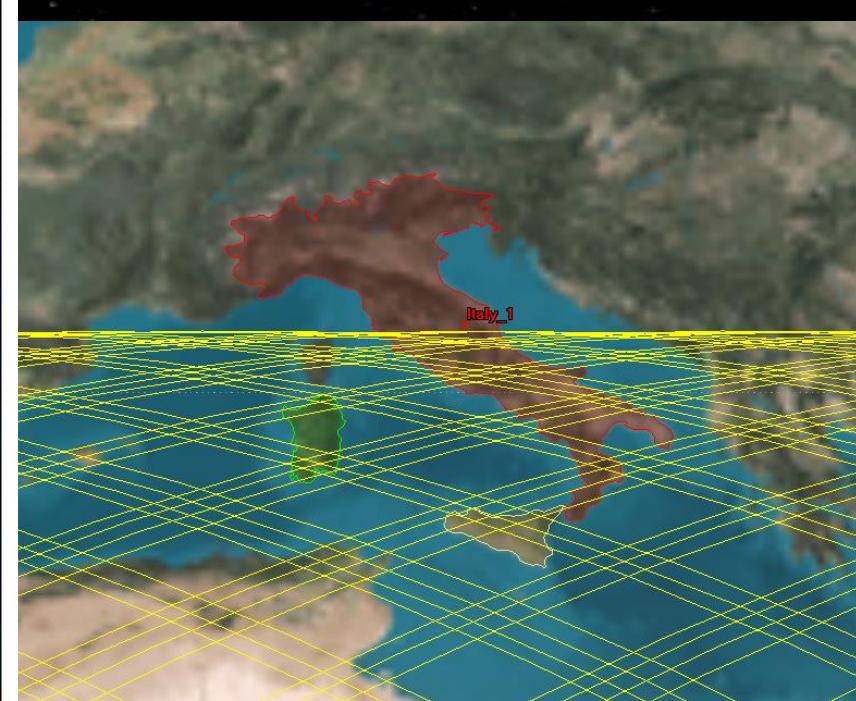
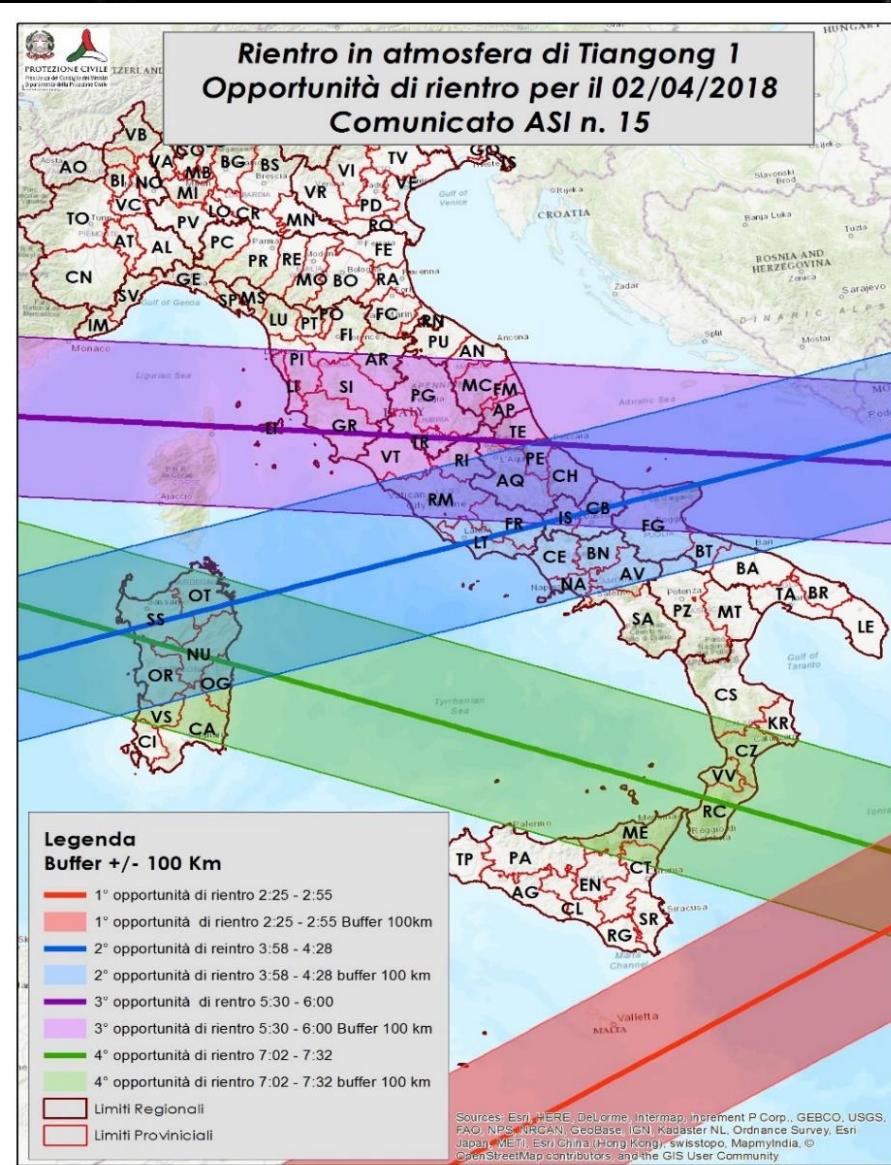
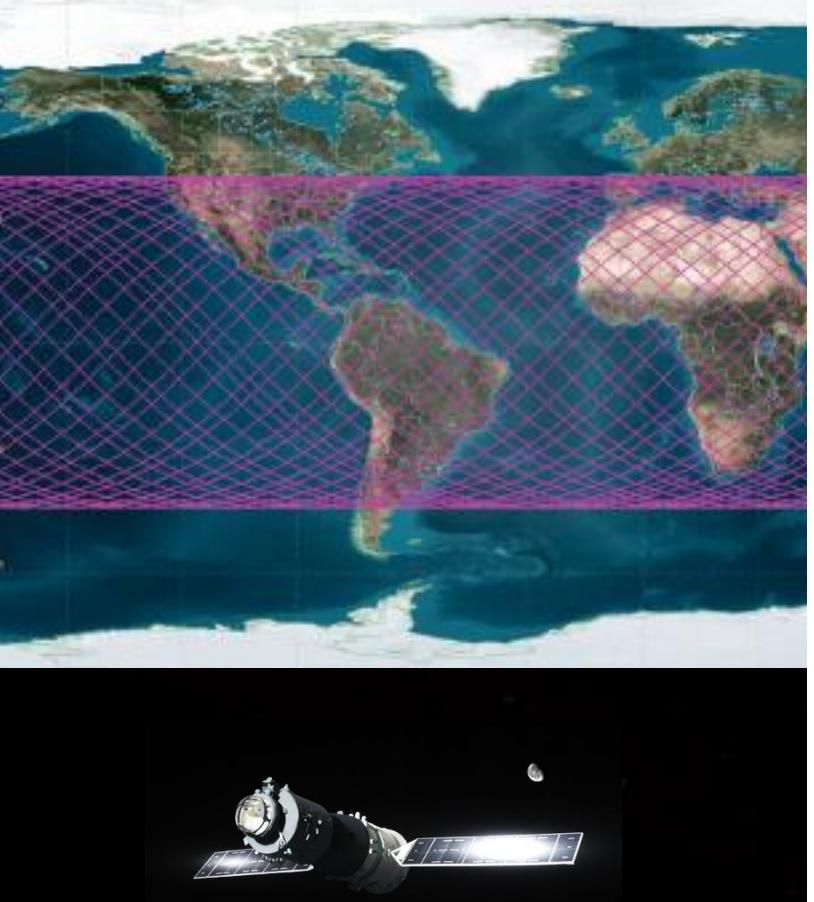
Fragments around nominal position of object
2009-047B
Observed by DeSS Tracker 2
26/03/2019



Lethality threshold: 2 cm

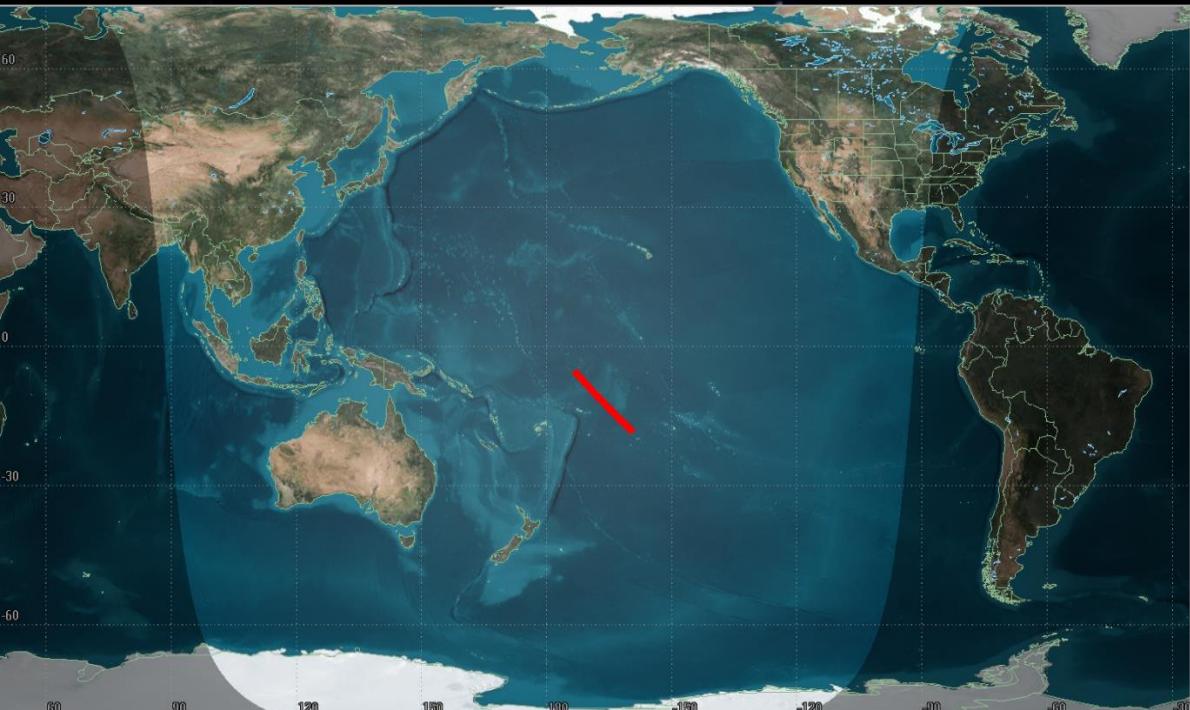
reentry

controlled / uncontrolled atmospheric re-entry of large objects



reentry

controlled / uncontrolled atmospheric re-entry of large objects



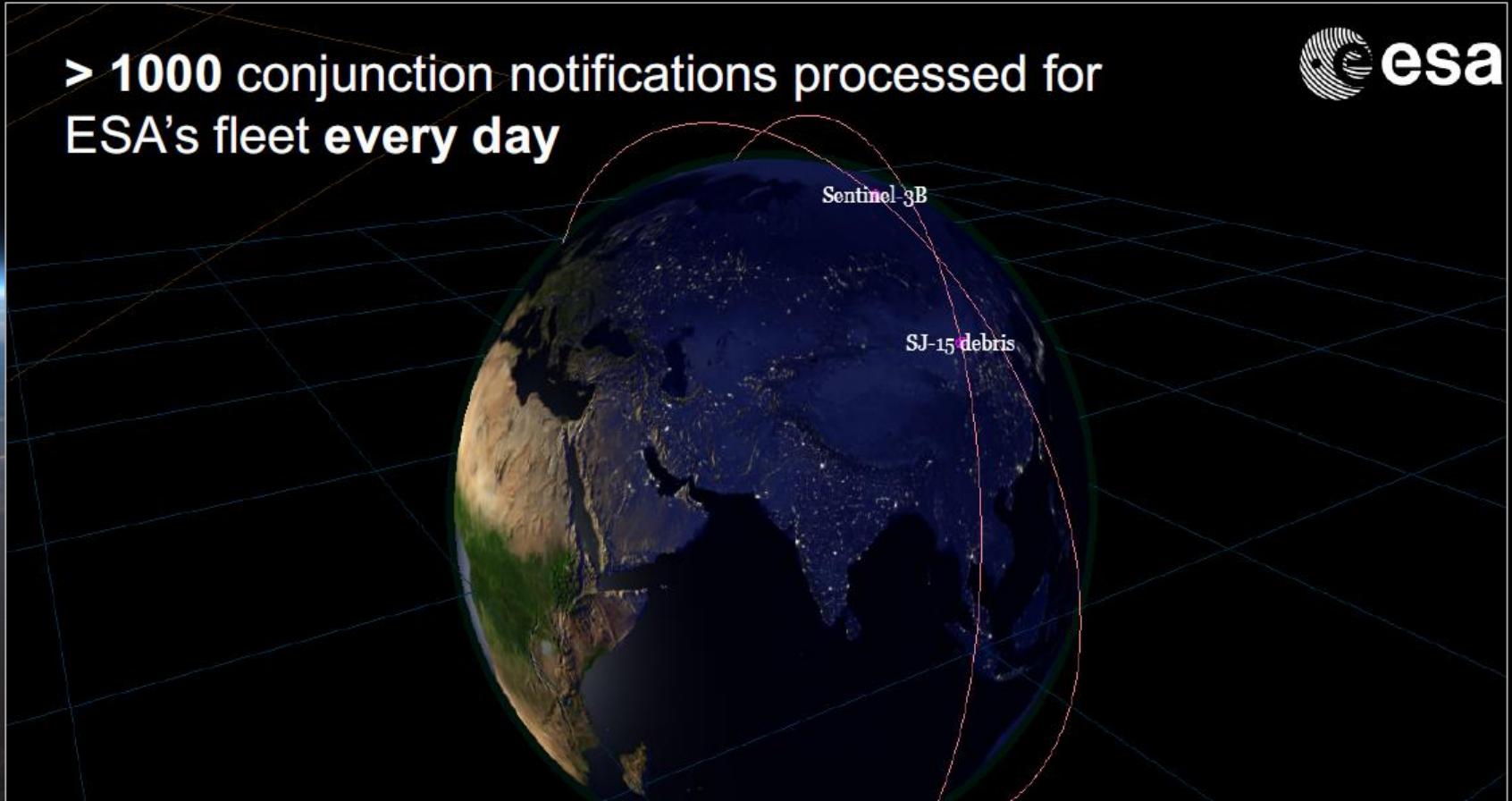
Area di possibile dispersione dei frammenti di Tiangong-1 se la stima post-rientro comunicata da JSpOC fosse corretta



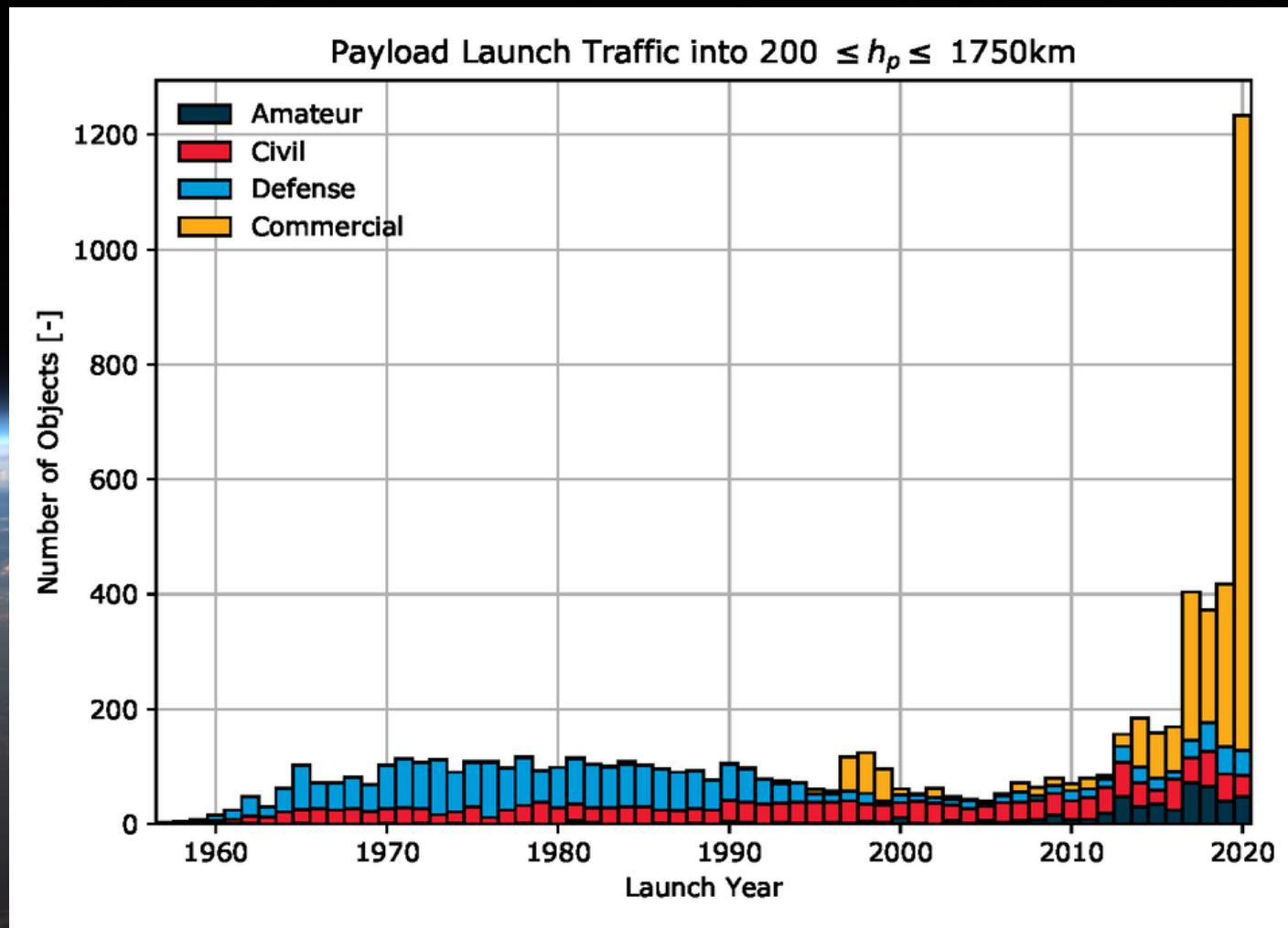
Stime post-rientro di Roscosmos e ISTI/CNR, a 10 km di altezza, basate sull'ultimo TLE russo, confrontate con quella di JSpOC



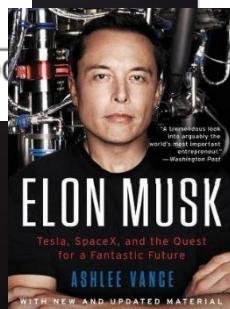
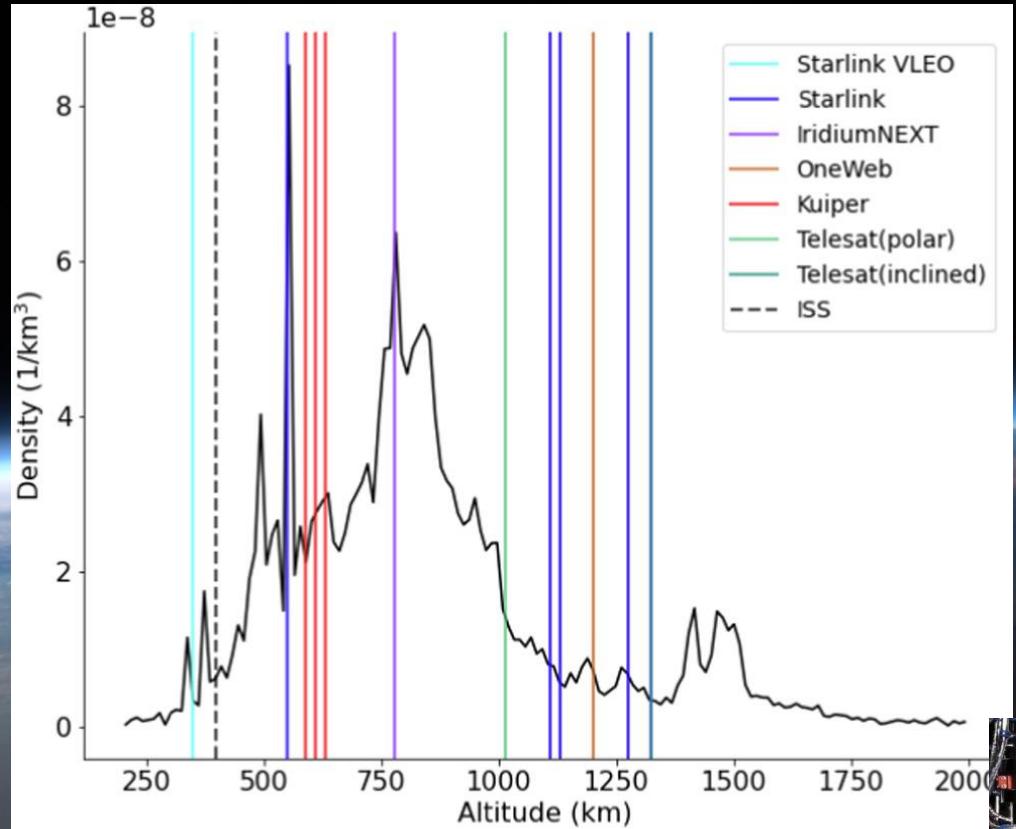
collision avoidance



satellite launch rate

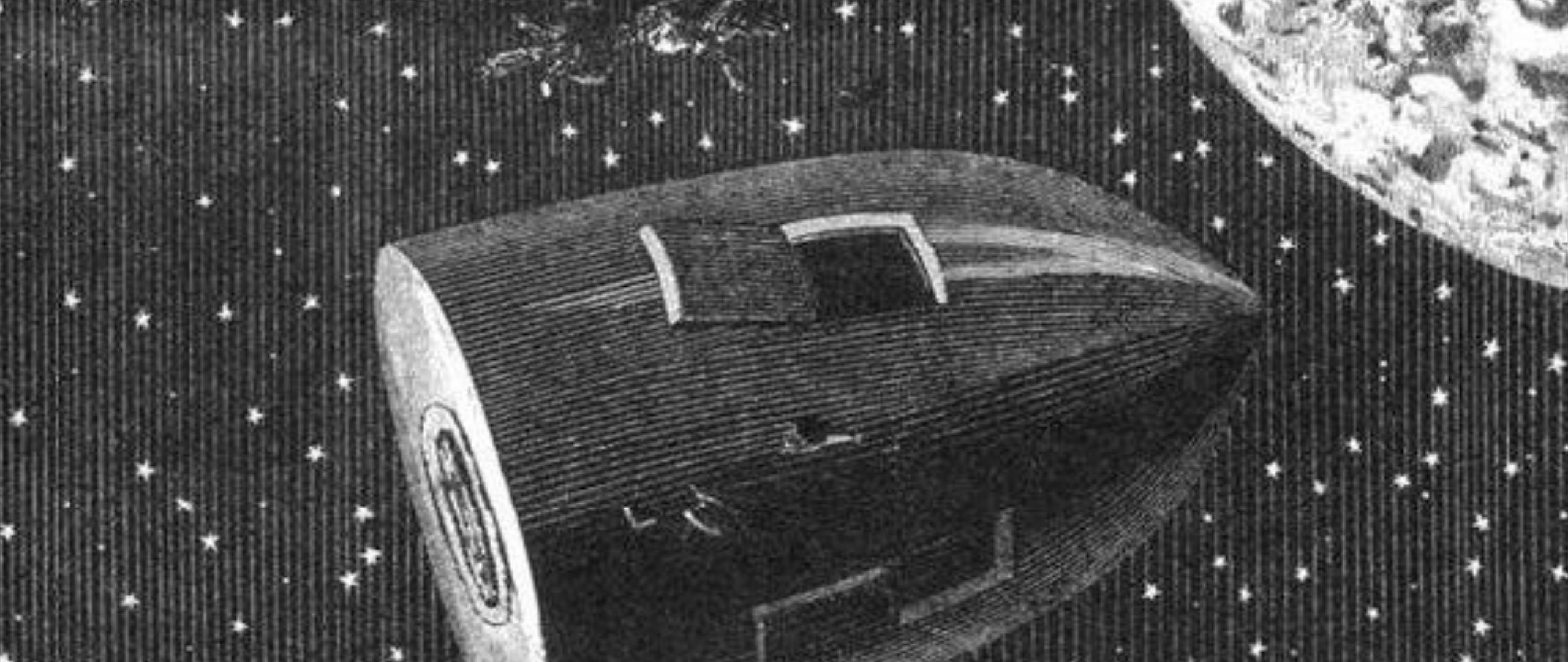


megaconstellations

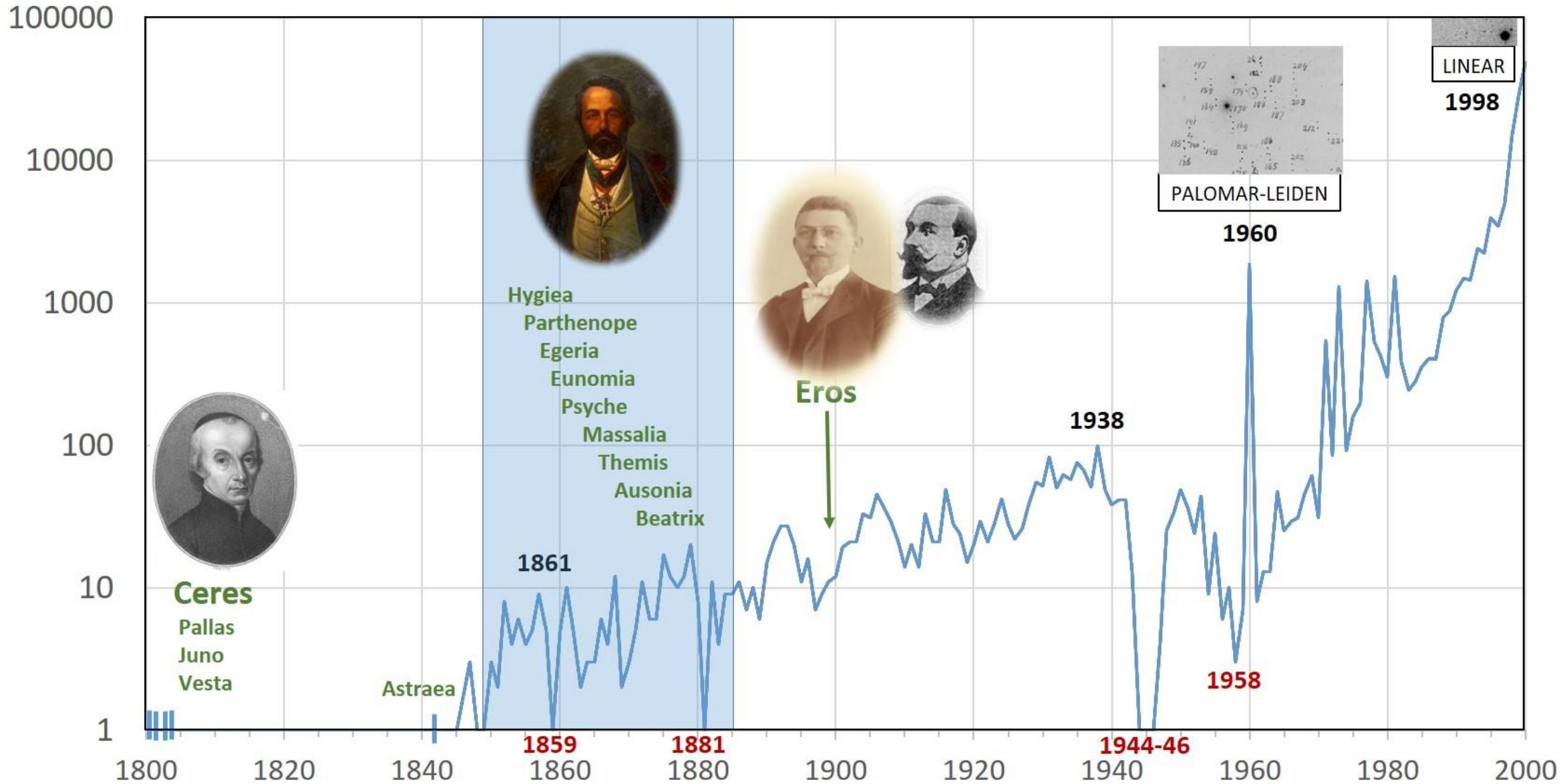




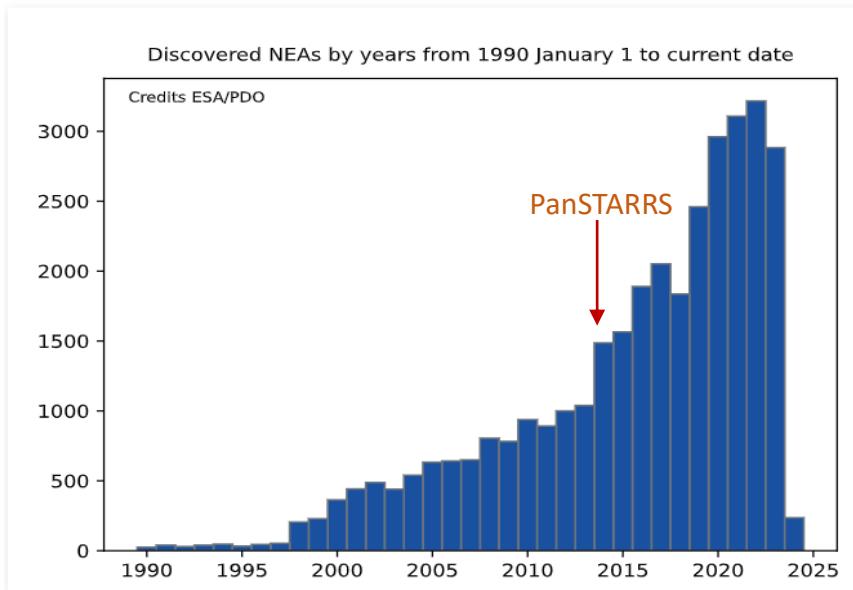
L'apparition de ce corps énorme le surprétait et l'inquiétait. Une rencontre était possible, qui aurait eu des résultats déplorables, soit que le projectile fût dévié de sa route, soit qu'un choc, brisant son élan, le précipitât vers la Terre, soit enfin qu'il se vît irrésistiblement entraîné par la puissance attractive de cet astéroïde.



Asteroid discovery rate 1801-2000



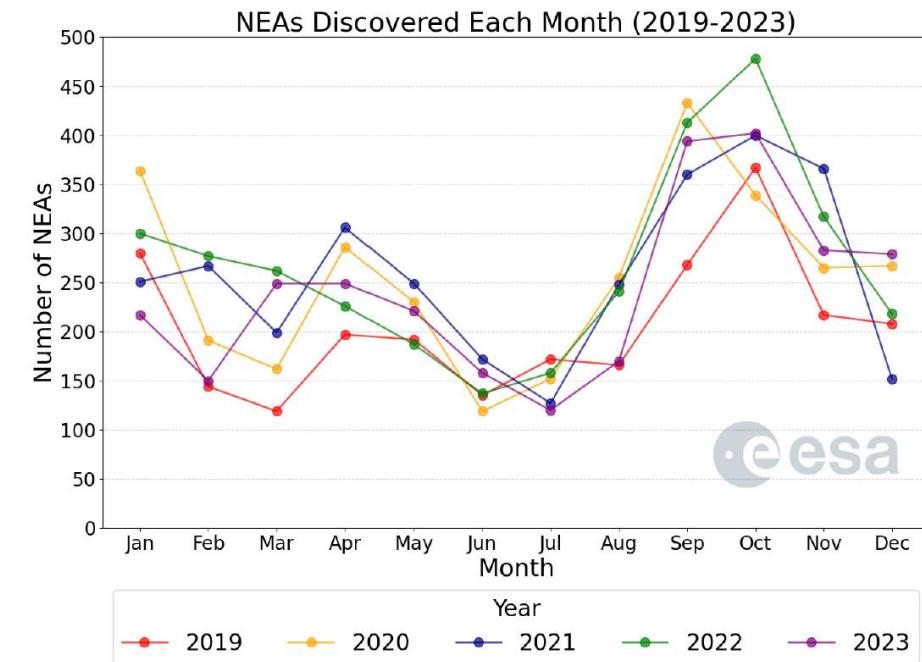
→ NEWSLETTER JANUARY 2024
ESA's NEO Coordination Centre



Current NEO statistics

Despite a December rich of discoveries, 2023 closed with less than 2900 new NEOs, the lowest of the last 4 years. This relative reduction of discovery rates is likely due to a few unforeseen shutdowns of major US surveys during the year.

- Known NEOs: 33 948 asteroids and 122 comets
- NEOs in risk list*: 1574
- NEOs designated during last month: 293
- NEOs discovered since 1 January 2023: 2878



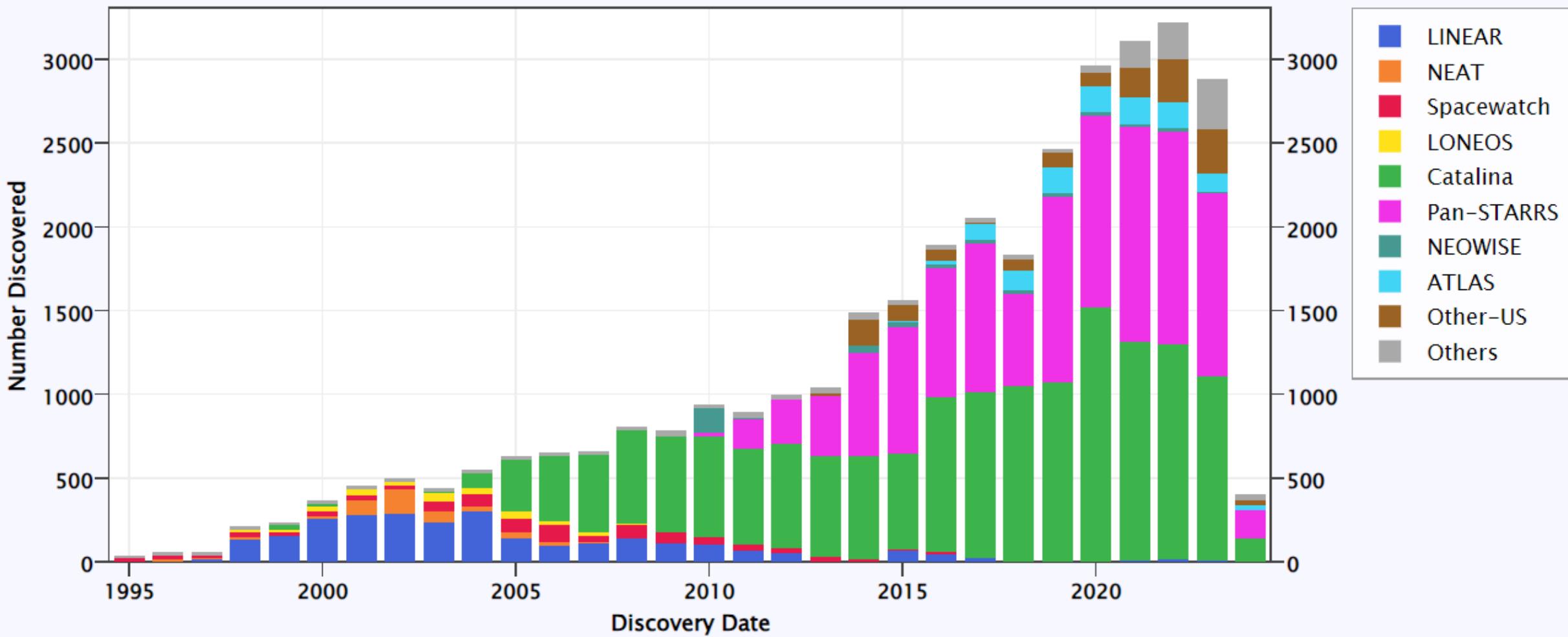
The plot presents the monthly NEO discovery rate for the last 5 years.

It shows that year 2023 was nicely in line with most of the recent years, except for some drops in February and August, which resulted in an overall lower total for the year.

It also shows the well-known periodicity of discovery rates, with a minimum during summer months and a maximum in the fall.

Near-Earth Asteroid Discoveries by Survey

All NEAs (as of 2024-Feb-27)



A Near-Earth Asteroid Census

Each image represents 100 objects

Known Asteroids ●
Predicted Total (WISE) ○



Image credit:
NASA/JPL-Caltech



2008 TC3

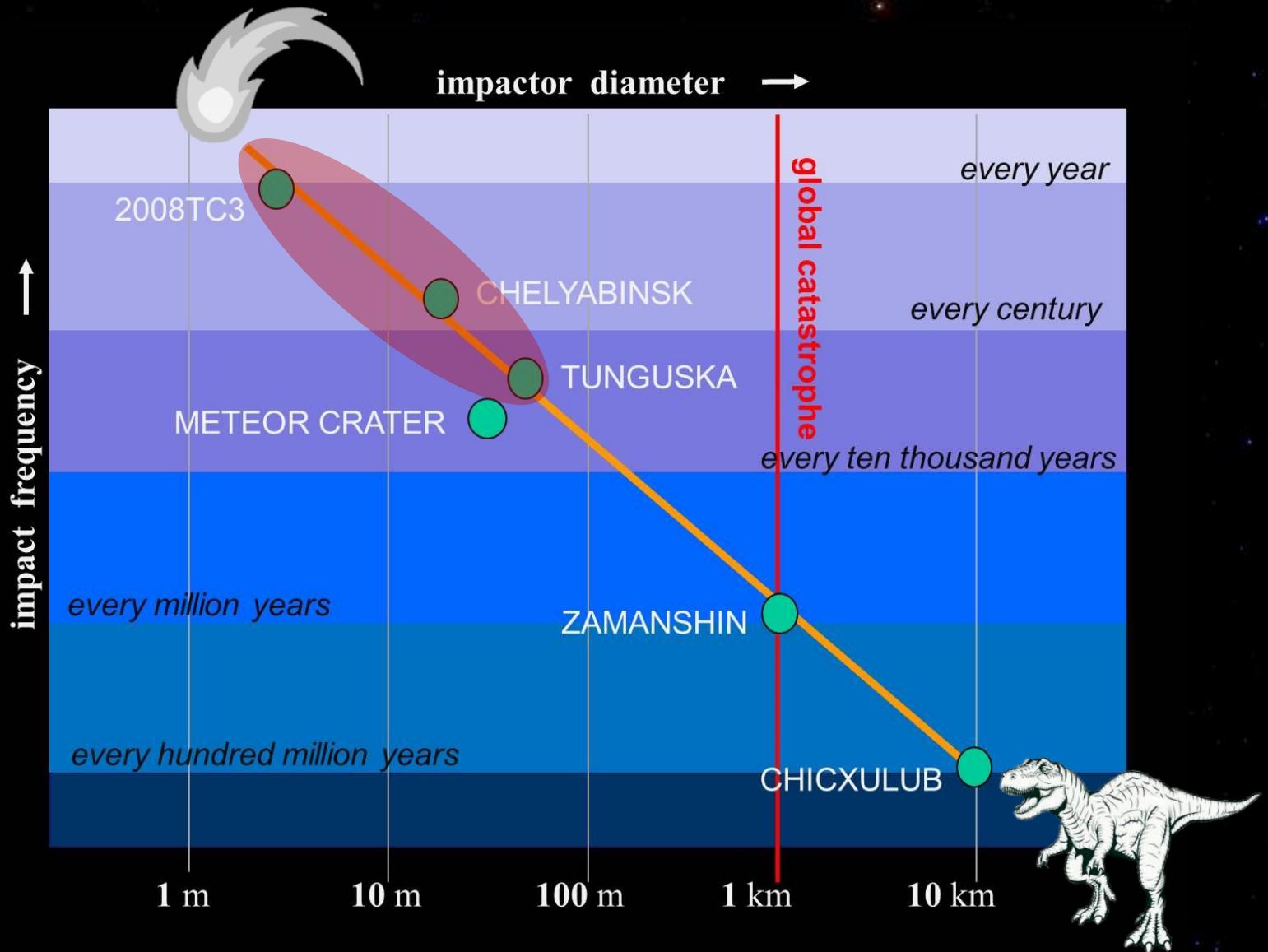


CHELYABINSK



TUNGUSKA

the imminent impactors threat



Earliest evidence of a death and injury by a meteorite

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²History Department, Faculty of Letters, Trakya University.

³SETI Institute, 189 Bernardo Ave, Mountain View, CA 94031, USA.

*Corresponding author. E-mail:

(Received 02

Meteors (February 2020)

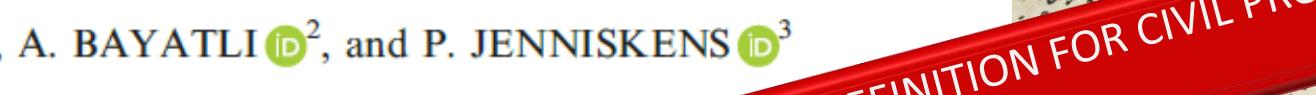
Abstract—Our planet has been hit by millions of meteorites with different airburst and ground impact risk. Some of these meteors can survive after the atmospheric passage and fall into the ground. Although there are claims that people were hit and killed by meteorites in history, the historical records do not prove this fact so far. This issue might be due to the fact that either the manuscript was written in a language other than English or there is not enough interest in historical records. To the best of our knowledge, we show the first proof of an event ever that a meteorite hit and killed a man and left paralyzed another on August 22, 1888 in Sulaymaniyah, Iraq, based on three manuscripts written in Ottoman Turkish that were extracted from the General Directorate of State Archives of the Presidency of the Republic of Turkey. This event was also reported to Abdul Hamid II (34th sultan of the Ottoman Empire) by the governor of Sulaymaniyah, which was under Ottoman reign in those days. These findings suggest other historical records may still exist that describe other events that caused death and injuries by meteorites.

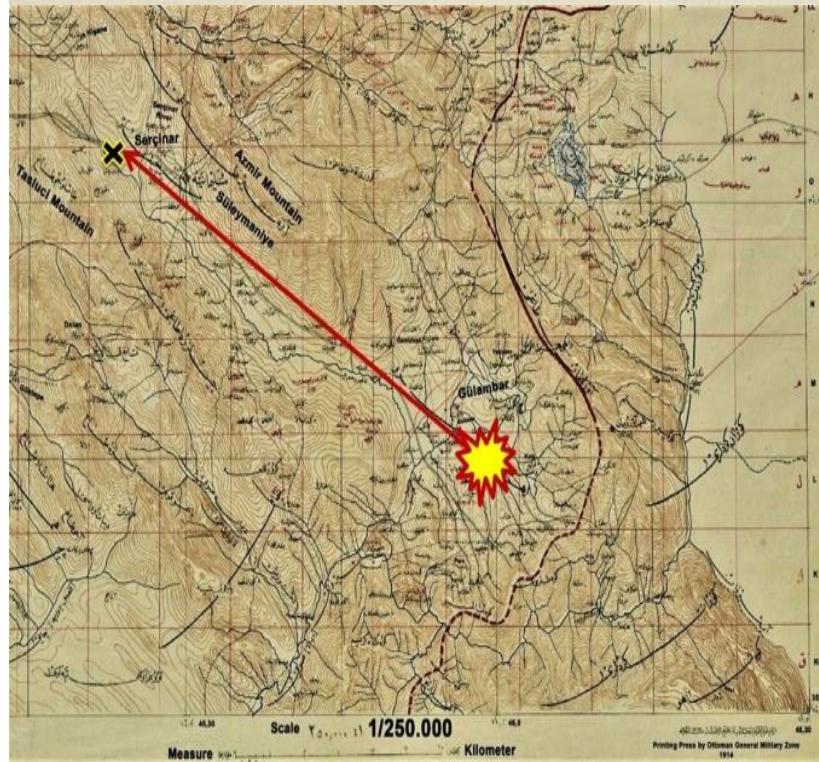
evidence of a death and injury by a meteorite

LAN ^{1*}, A. BAYATLI ², and P. JENNISKENS ³

¹Physics, Faculty of Science, Ege University, 35100 Bornova, Izmir, Turkey
²Department, Faculty of Letters, Trakya University, Edirne, Turkey
³Institute, 189 Bernardo Ave, Mountain View, CA 94039, USA
Corresponding author: E-mail: ayhan.bayatli@tr.edu.tr
Received 02 January 2020; accepted 27 February 2020

WE NEED AN IMMINENT IMPACTORS OPERATIONAL DEFINITION FOR CIVIL PROTECTION Meteorites - Chelyabinsk - Tunguska





from data center to coordination center



→ EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY | SPACE SAFETY PROGRAMME

CONTACT US | SIGN IN

near-earth objects coordination centre

<https://neo.ssa.esa.int/>

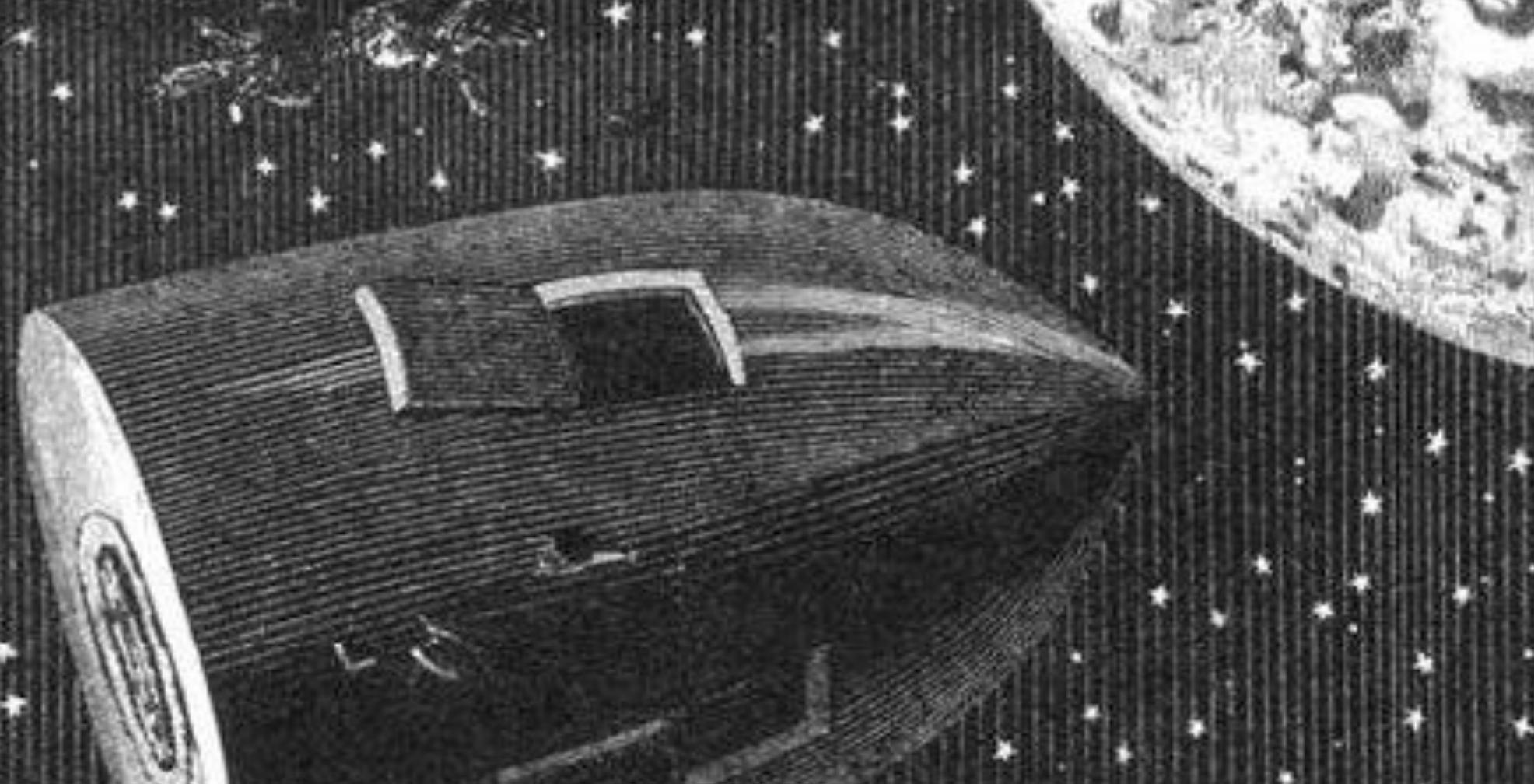
e esa

NEOCC Home

The NEOCC is ESA's centre for computing asteroid and comet orbits and their probabilities of Earth impact.



Sapete che gli strumenti d'ottica hanno acquistato una grande perfezione: con certi telescopi si è giunti ad ottenere degl'ingrandimenti di seimila volte e ad avvicinare la Luna a quaranta miglia circa. Ora, a questa distanza gli oggetti che hanno sessanta piedi di fianco sono perfettamente visibili. Se non si è spinta più in là la potenza di penetrazione dei telescopi, gli è che tal potenza non si esercita che a detimento della chiarezza, e la Luna, la quale è solo uno specchio che riflette, non manda luce così intensa da permettere si possano portare gli ingrandimenti al di là di questo limite.



LEO

- LEO: fast moving objects /short exposures
- Catalogue build-up: survey telescopes
- Catalogue maintenance: survey telescopes
- Short-term dynamics: catalogue obsolescence
- Observation assets dispersed in longitude
- Detection & correlation functions
- Follow-up only for specific cases
- Positions errors too large -> too many warnings
- Breakup parent body
- Classified data

MEO GEO LTO

ArtSats

NEO

- Slow moving objects / long exposures
- Discovery: survey telescopes
- Catalogue entries: follow-up network
- Catalogue improvement: follow-up
- Observation assets dispersed in latitude
- Chaotic dynamics: impact monitoring
- Discovery & identification
- Moving object detection SW: avoiding fakes
- Physical characterization
- Public data

THE FLYEYE TELESCOPE

Survey telescope using innovative optics: extremely large FOV (45 sqdeg) for NEO and Space Debris



NEO

- Flyeye Mark I (16-camera)
- Realized by OHB-I for ESA
- Nominal Limiting magnitude: 21.5
- Mount Mufara site (Sicily) under construction
- Commissioning and science verification @ ASI CGS (Matera)
- Flyeye Mark II (8-camera)
- Nominal Limiting magnitude: 21 (desirable)
- Best for Imminent Impactors

SST

- Flyeye Mark I (16-camera)
- 4-telescopes ordered to OHB by ASI
- Sites: Italy, Mexico, Argentina, Australia
- Italian site: ASI CGS (Matera)
- Best for High LEO, MEO catalogue

THE MUFARA SITE



THE MUFARA SITE





SCOPUS BANDI CONCORSI E OPPORTUNITÀ EVENTI ASITV

Homepage ▶ Bandi ▶ Bandi ASI ▶ Open Calls, Call for Ideas e altre opportunità scientifiche e tecnologiche ▶

CALL FOR PROPOSALS – DEVELOPMENT OF INNOVATIVE OPTICAL COMMERCIAL SENSORS

https://www.asi.it/bandi_e_concorsi/call-for-proposals-development-of-innovative-optical-commercial-sensors/

https://app.albofornitori.it/alboeproc/albo_asi?customEntryView=elencoBandiAlboPublicEntryView&idProcedura=217

Agenzia
Spaziale
Italiana

THE MUFARA SITE

Monte
Mufara
Sicilia





Quoique très gênée, l'Italie trouva deux cent mille lires dans les poches de ses enfants, mais en les retournant bien.

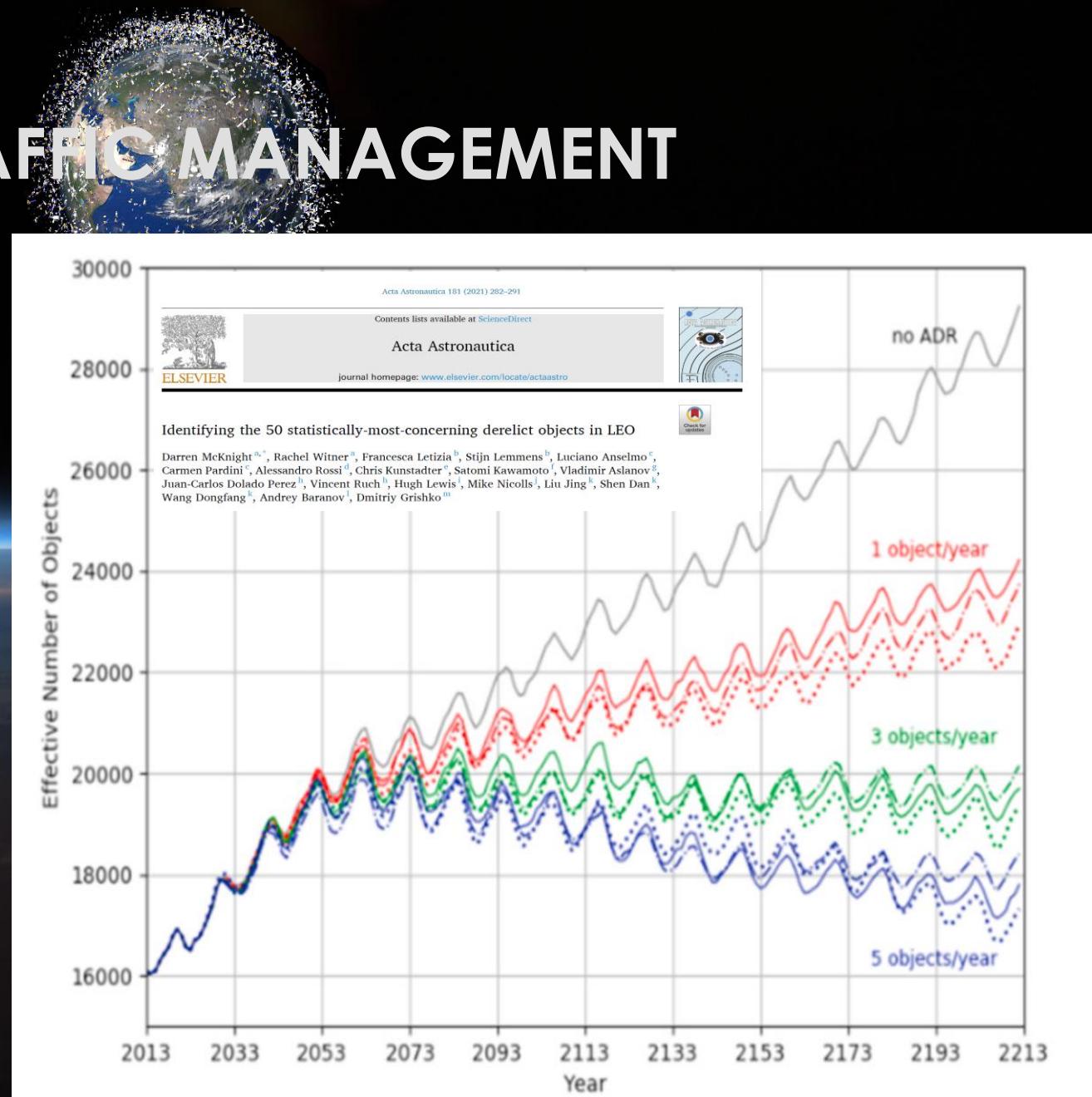
Jules Verne, 1867

SPACE TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

SATELLITE BOX SCORE
 (as of 05 January 2021, cataloged by the
 U.S. SPACE SURVEILLANCE NETWORK)

Country/ Organization	Spacecraft*	Spent Rocket Bodies & Other Cataloged Debris	Total
CHINA	441	3810	4251
CIS	1551	5696	7247
ESA	93	56	149
FRANCE	72	510	582
INDIA	101	119	220
JAPAN	189	145	334
USA	2866	4998	7864
OTHER	1131	123	1254
TOTAL	6444	15457	21901

* active and defunct



SPACE TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT



The US Space Policy Directive-3 (SPD-3), released in June 2018 provides general guidelines and direction for space traffic management, and contains key references and guidelines specific to orbital debris

It address the threat from orbital debris, improve fundamental knowledge of the space environment, promote orbital debris mitigation and best practices with the global community, etc.

SPACE TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT



REMEDIATION

- design for demise
- in-orbit servicing
- environmental index

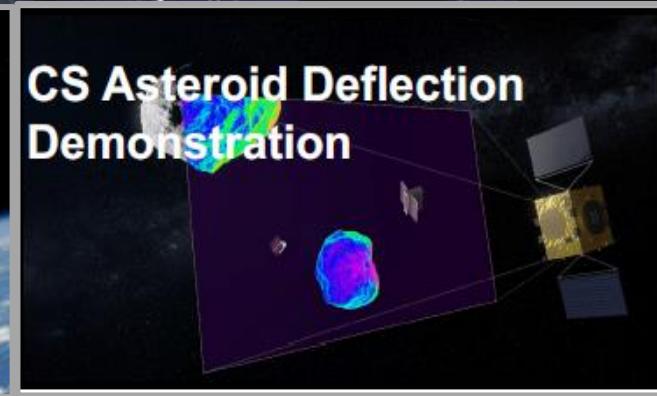
MITIGATION

25y rule for uncontrolled re-entry
controlled re-entry –
de-orbiting / re-orbiting into graveyard orbits –
minimizing release of mission-related debris –

Inter-Agency Space Debris Coordination Committee



from
SPACE SITUATIONAL AWARENESS
to
Space Safety



SWE
SPACE WEATHER

SST
SPACE DEBRIS

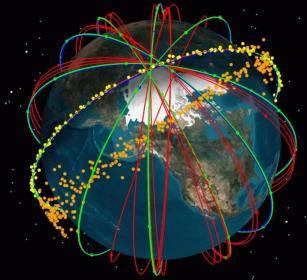
NEO
PLANETARY DEFENCE



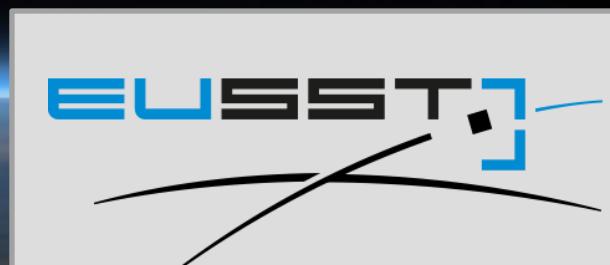
re-entry



collision avoidance



fragmentation



consortium

**DECISION No. 541/2014/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014
establishing a Framework for Space Surveillance and Tracking Support.**



+



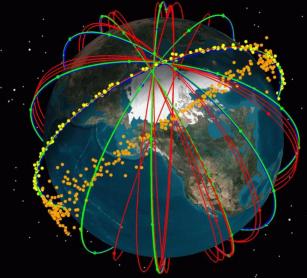


re-entry



collision avoidance

mitigation



fragmentation

remediation



partnership

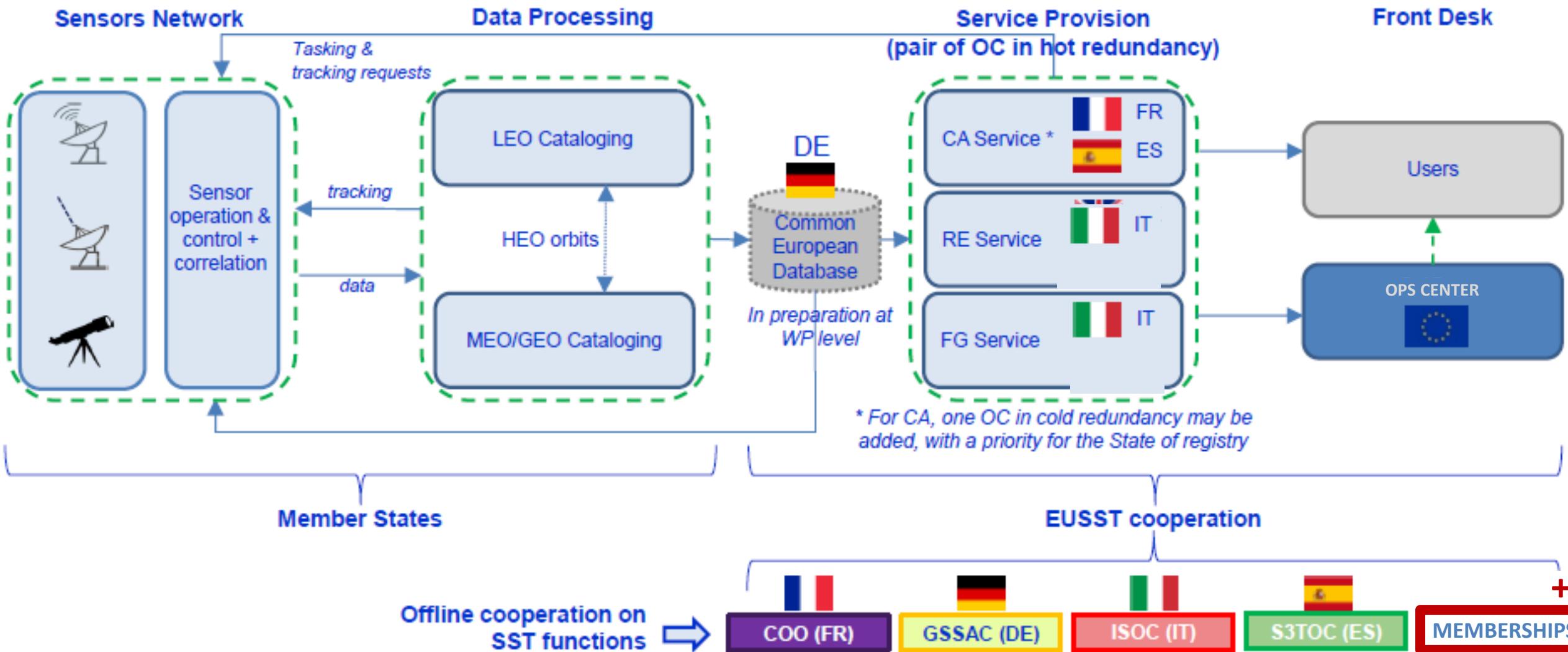
AUSTRIA
GREECE

CZECH REPUBLIC
ITALY

DENMARK
LATVIA
THE NETHERLANDS
ROMANIA
SPAIN

FINLAND
POLAND
SWEDEN

FRANCE
GERMANY
PORTUGAL



laser

- MLRO



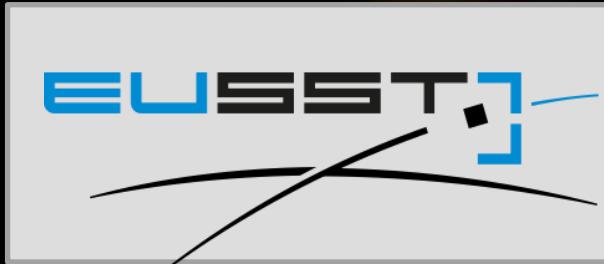
optical

- SPADE
- CAS
- PdM-MiTé
- PRISMA



radar

- BIRALES
- MFDR
- BIRALET



Italian sensors



EU BUDGET FOR THE FUTURE

THE EU SPACE PROGRAMME



#EUBudget #EUSpace



WHAT IS THE BUDGET AND HOW WILL IT BE SPENT?

The EU Space Programme has a budget of **€ 16 billion over 2021-2027** and consolidates all Union space-related activities into a coherent, simplified and flexible programme:

	 Galileo and EGNOS	 Copernicus	 GOVSATCOM & SSA
Role	global navigation and regional satellite navigation systems	free and open Earth observation data of land, atmosphere, sea, climate change and for emergency management and security	access to secure satellite communications for national authorities and monitoring of space hazards
Budget	€ 9,7 billion	€ 5,8 billion	€ 0,5 billion

EU BUDGET FOR THE FUTURE



EUROPEAN UNION

#EUSpace

In partnership with



NEW EUROPEAN UNION SPACE PROGRAMME



ONLINE LAUNCH EVENT
22 JUNE 2021
10.00-10.20



Signature of the Financial Framework Partnership Agreement



THIERRY
BRETON
EUROPEAN COMMISSIONER
FOR INTERNAL MARKET



MANUEL
HEITOR
MINISTER OF SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY
AND HIGHER EDUCATION OF PORTUGAL



CRISTIAN
BUSOI
MEMBER OF THE EUROPEAN
PARLIAMENT AND CHAIR OF THE
EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT COMMITTEE
ON INDUSTRY, RESEARCH AND ENERGY



TIMO
PESONEN
DIRECTOR-GENERAL FOR
DEFENCE INDUSTRY AND SPACE,
EUROPEAN COMMISSION



JOSEF
ASCHBACHER
ESA DIRECTOR GENERAL



RODRIGO
DA COSTA
EUSPA EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

22 June 2021



For the next EU budget 2021-2027, the Commission wants to increase **investment, adapt to new needs and technologies and reinforce Europe's autonomous access to space.**

EU BUDGET FOR THE FUTURE



For the next EU budget 2021-2027, the Commission wants to increase **investment, adapt to new needs and technologies and reinforce Europe's autonomous access to space.**

SSA NEO



COMPONENT

FFPA ENTRUSTED TASKS TO ESA

- Promotion of networking of MS facilities and research centres

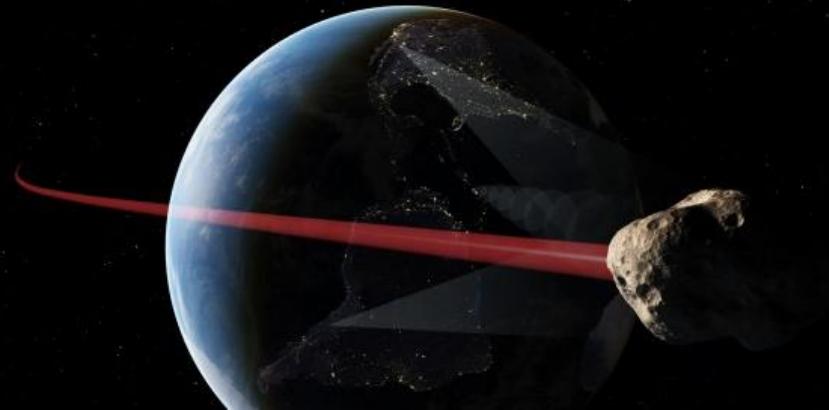
- Establishing and maintaining a European NEO catalogue - physical properties database

- Development of provision of a (space based) rapid expert response service

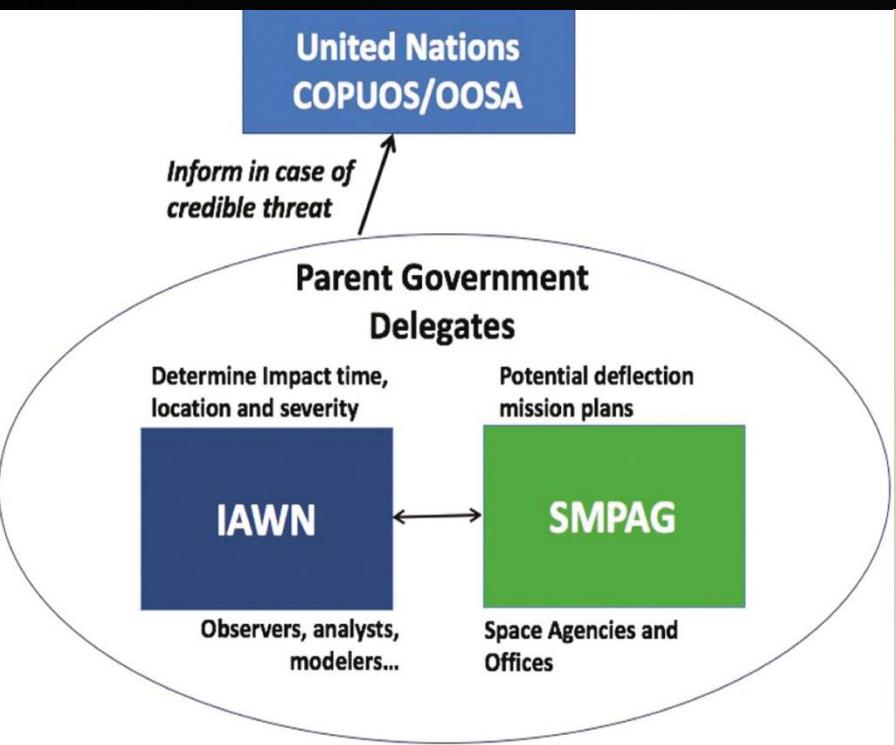
- Study of precursor services: European hot-redundant Minor Planet Centre backup

ESA – UE: FIRMATO IL NUOVO FINANCIAL FRAMEWORK PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT





International Asteroid Warning Network



Steering Committee

- Sergio Camacho (former Chair of UNCOPUOS Action Team on NEOs)
- Lindley Johnson (NASA Hq)
- Boris Shustov (INASAN)
- Giovanni Valsecchi (INAF-IAPS/NEODYs)
- Patrick Michel (Observatoire de la Côte d'Azur)
- Alan Harris (DLR)
- Detlef Koschny (ESA/ESTEC)
- Paul Chodas (JPL)
- Gonzalo Tancredi (Universidad de la República, Uruguay)



IAWN Signatories

7 Space Agencies (1)

18 Research Institutions (0)

28 Amateur Observatories (9)

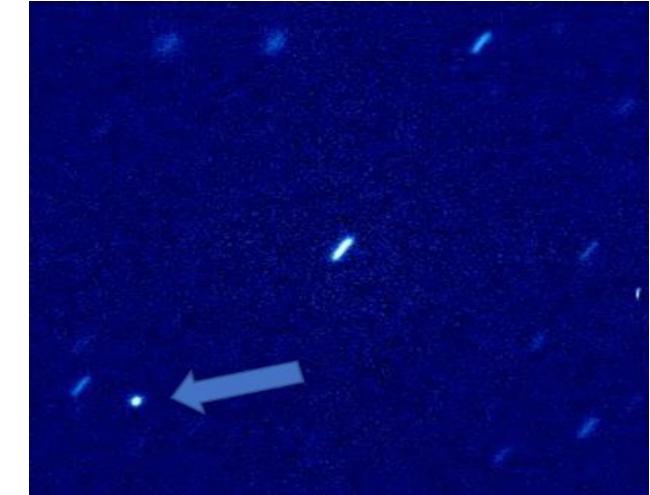


■ The 2022 GC1 NEOROCKS CAMPAIGN

A 100m object which would make a distant close approach to Earth on 17 April 2022

- 2 April 2022: NEO Confirmation Page entered
- 2 April 2022: NEOROCKS astrometric observations submitted
- 2 April 2022: MPEC discovery confirmed
- 5 April 2022: NEOROCKS physical properties observations carried out@TNG

In the night between 5th and 6th of April, despite a high proper velocity (about 200 arcsec/h), standard BVRI photometry was successfully obtained, thus closing the loop within 3 days from discovery.

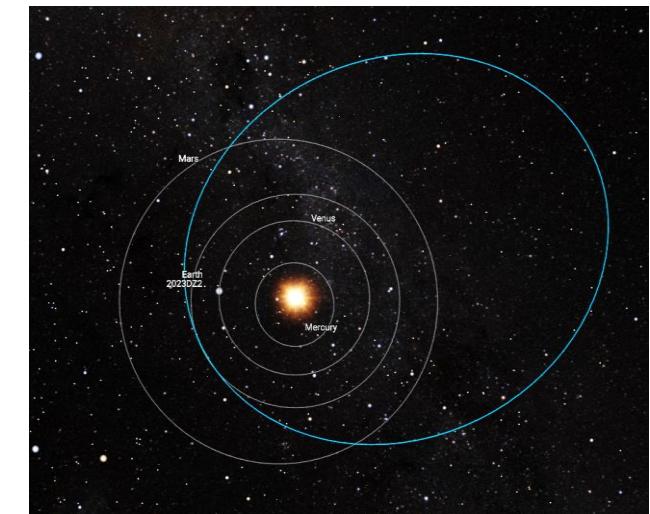


■ The 2023 DZ2 IAWN CAMPAIGN

Size (50-100m) consistent with Tunguska-class imminent impactors, Earth close approach within half the lunar distance on March 25, 2023

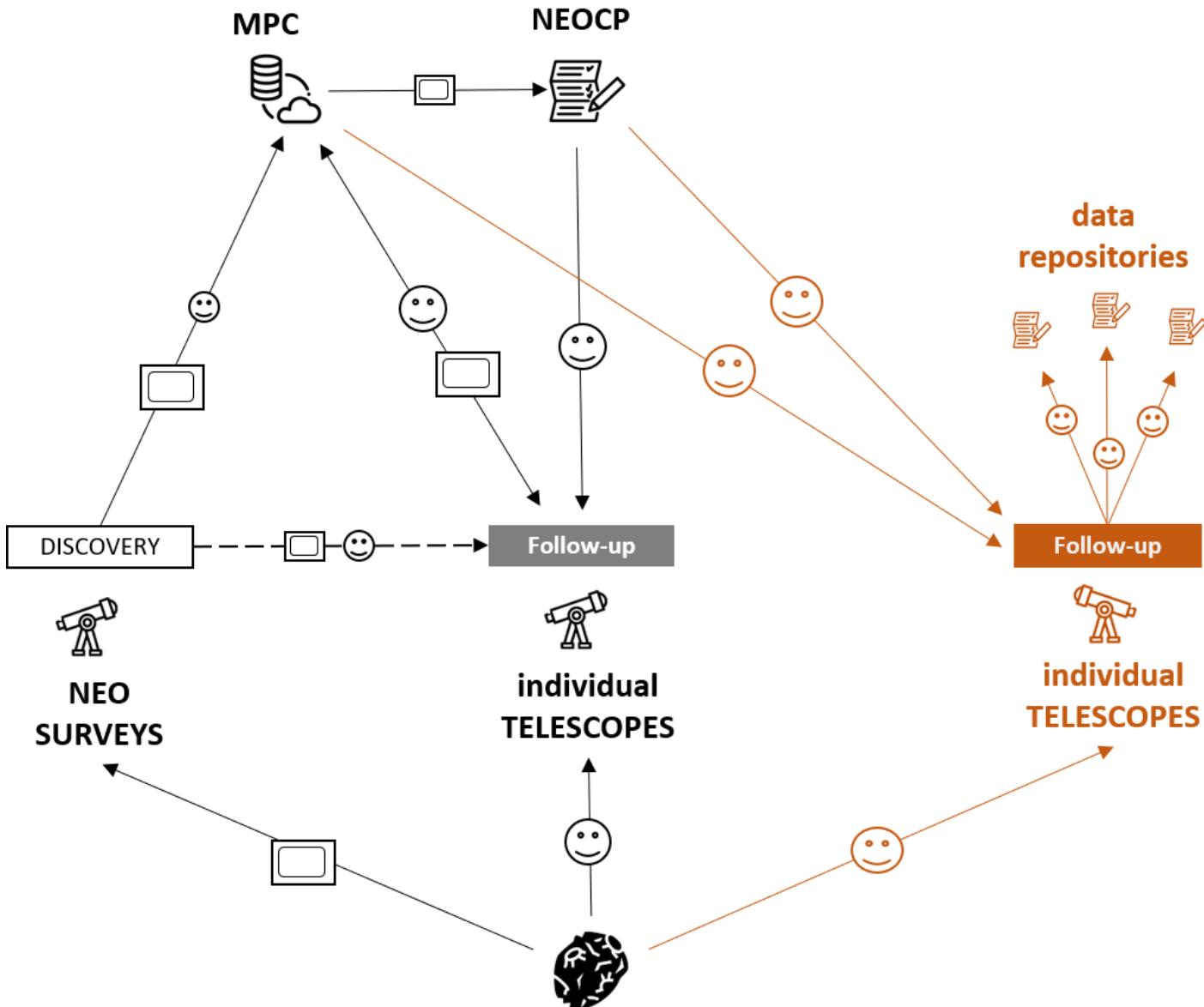
- 27 February 2023: NEO Confirmation Page entered
- 16 March 2023: MPEC Discovery Confirmed
- 20-27 March 2023: IAWN physical properties campaign

7850 observations, 22 different telescopes, 12 different countries: about 50% professional observers – including NEOROCKS partners – 50% amateur/educational observatories.





PRESENT



tasking

physical

human 

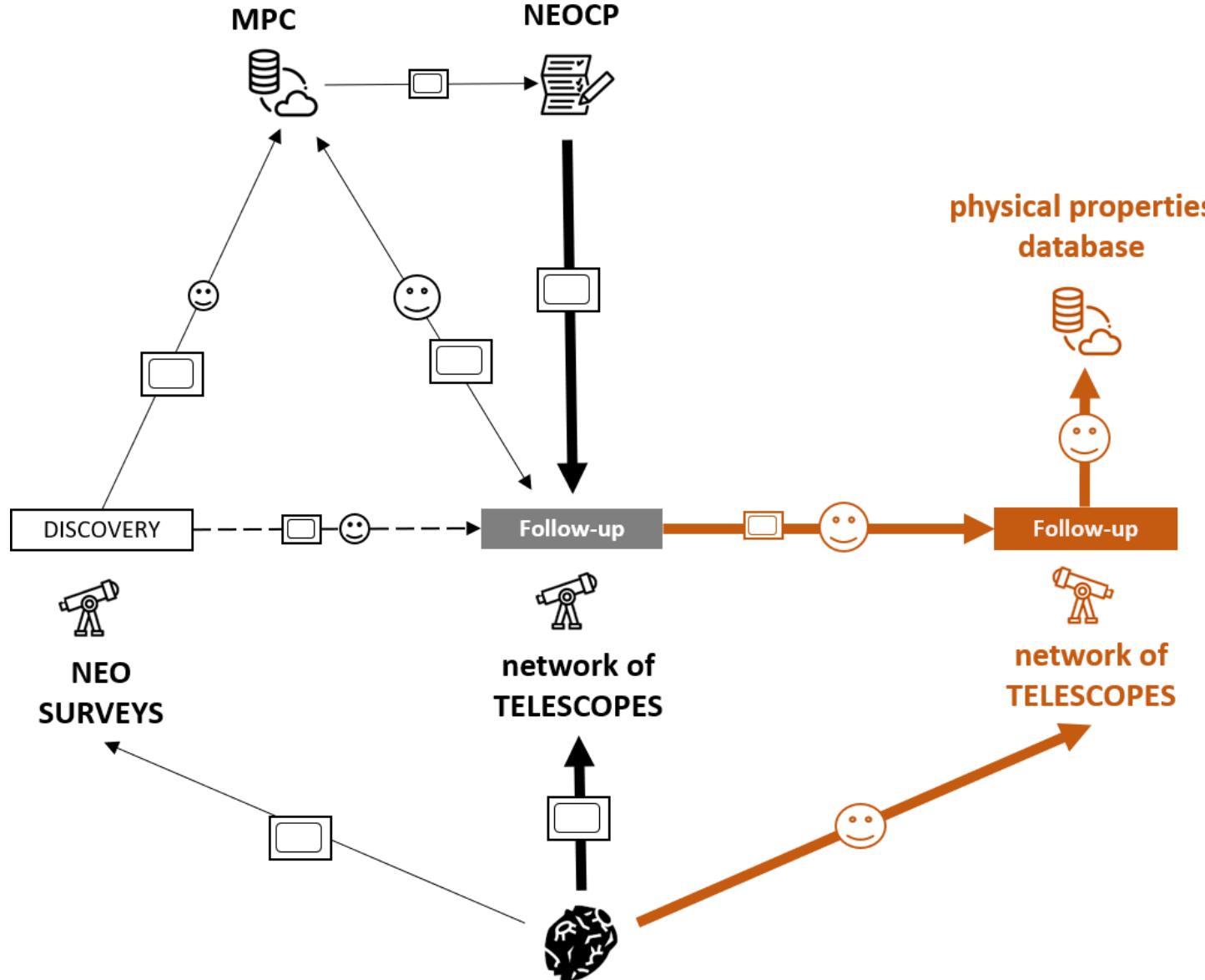
software

data base

tool

- MPC** – IAU Minor Planet Centre
- NEOCP** – MPC NEO Confirmation Page
- NEOCC** – ESA NEO Coordination Centre
- SSDC** – ASI Space Science Data Center

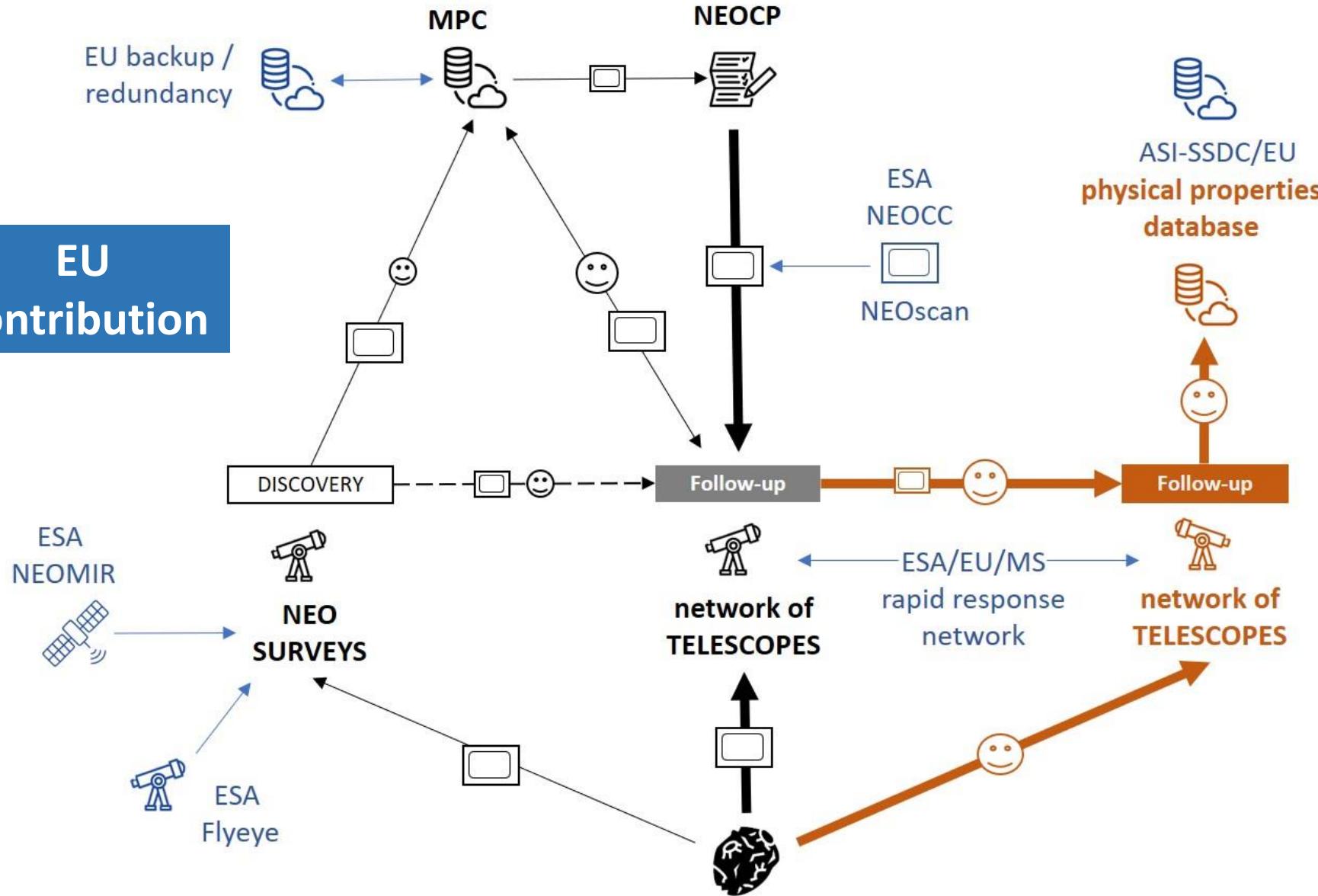




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EU contribution



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bisogna sempre mettere un pochetto d'arte in quel che si fa

